EYES TESTED FREE OF CHARGE
BY QUALIFIED OPTOMETRIST
ESTABLISHED 1904
Phiroze M. Dastoor & Co.
379, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVI NO. 274 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS Air Surcharge 6 Pies

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

TELE: 22891
ROYAL LAUNDRY CO.
Estd. 1910
WASHERS - CLEANERS
25, Hamam St., Fort,
BOMBAY

From A King To The Mahatma

His Majesty the King of Nepal, accompanied by members of his family, visited Rajghat on the morning of November 20, to place a wreath on the 'samadhi' of Mahatma Gandhi.
His Majesty is seen in this picture placing the floral wreath on the sacred 'samadhi.'

IRON CURTAIN AROUND NEPAL

Birganj Now Under Military Rule

CONGRESS FORCES TAKE A TOWN

RAXAUL, Nov. 21 (PTI & UPI)

CLOSELY following their success against the Nepali Congress forces Nepal State troops have thrown an iron curtain over their territory and frontier sentries today refused to allow Indian correspondents to cross the border.

One American correspondent, however, was allowed to visit Birganj for five hours. He said on return that the town looked desolate, and prisoners were being marched in chains.

There are stories of atrocities being committed, but they cannot be confirmed in the circumstances. Marwari merchants coming from Birganj complain that their sealed shops are being broken open.

Meanwhile, Nepali Congress forces at Raxaul received a secret directive following the fall of Birganj, and an influential source told the U.P.I. that they were "going to strike."

MILITARY GOVERNMENT

Nepal Government troops today set up a military administration in Birganj to function till the Civil Government is restored, reports Wilfred Lazarus, PTI correspondent.

No activity was reported from eastern or western sectors, but Nepali Congres cricles in Patna reported that insurgents captured today Jhawani Town, about 50 miles northwest of Birganj. Situated on the north bank of River Rapti, Jhawani is the headquarters of the district of Chitwan.

In New Delhi, the Nepalese Embassy stated that 200 "raiders" had attacked Jhapa, 170 miles southwest of Khatmandu, on Sunday last. The attack was repulsed by the State troops after a three hour fight. Two "raiders" were killed.

No details were available about the capture of Jhawani, except that the insurgents took the district headquarters without any opposition.

In Birganj, a security cordon was thrown by the administration and officials combing this second biggest town in Nepal carried out house searches and rounded up about 100 Nepali Congress sympathisers, reports reaching Raxaul stated.

Sentries were posted at Raxaul bridge linking Indian and Nepal territory to prevent unauthorised persons entering Birganj, which according to eye-witness reports here, looked desolate.

Indian correspondents were not allowed to re-enter Birganj today although General Ekraj Shumshere commanding the State troops had fixed an appointment with pressmen.

It was learned here this morning that 20 insurgents were killed in an encounter with State troops yesterday.

LEADERS IN RAXAUL

Mr. Tez Bahadur, for nine days Nepali Congress "administrator" of Birganj, and other leaders of the insurgents seeking to overthrow the powerful Rana regime are in Raxaul. Their future course of action was not known.

Major Puran Singh whose insurgent forces were yesterday reported cut off in isolated pockets at Parwanipur, six miles north of Birganj, was understood here to be safe somewhere near Birganj. But nothing was known about his insurgent forces.

Pressmen Have A Narrow Escape

RAXAUL, Nov. 21 (UPI): Seven Indian pressmen who were at Birganj when Government forces took over yesterday afternoon, had a narrow escape on their way back.

Government forces who were parading the town after re-occupation spotted the correspondents and suspecting them to be Congressmen, shouted "kill them", and brandished guns. One correspondent was even struck with a rifle but. The correspondents were unescorted.

One captain of the Government forces who happened to come fortunately by that time noticed it, and immediately stopped the soldiers from opening fire and saved the press party.

DR. KESKAR MEETS ROBERT SCHUMAN

PARIS, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).—Dr. B. V. Keskar, Deputy Foreign Minister and the French Foreign Minister, Robert Schuman, had a talk on general affairs at a diplomatic lunch held in Dr. Keskar's honour by the Indian Ambassador Sardar Hardit Singh Malik here today.

Robert Schuman has invited Dr. Keskar to lunch with him next Monday.

"We did not discuss any particular question and the subject of French possessions in India did not arise", he told after the lunch.

Dr. Keskar leaves tonight for the Hague and will go from there to Brussels before returning to Paris on Sunday.

WOMEN DEMAND BETTER FILMS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (PTI): A demand for taking immediate steps to raise the moral standard of films, film songs and radio features, was made at a conference of women held here yesterday under the auspices of Adarsh Mahila Sabha.

The conference, which was attended by about two thousand women, expressed the view that "for the uplift of children and for raising the morals of society a radical change in the cinema films, their songs and radio features is essential".

AROUND

NEPAL RULER IS PRISONER HERE!

Narendra Dev's Charge

NAGPUR, Nov. 21 (PTI).—Acharya Narendra Dev, Chairman of the Socialist Party of India, said here today that it was "the duty of the Government of India to help the Nepal revolutionaries in manners and ways open to it, consistent with its international obligations."

He added, "Let the Government of India give the Maharaja whom they consider the rightful owner of the Nepalese throne, an opportunity to issue a proclamation to the people of Nepal to range themselves openly on the side of the progressive forces. He (the Maharaja), I think, wants to go to his country to lead the democratic forces but he is a virtual prisoner here."

FINAL SESSION OF PEACE CONGRESS

WARSAW, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Two thousand delegates of the Communist-backed World Peace Congress assembled here today for their final session after a 17-hour all-night round of speech making.

Delegates to the five-day Congress, due to end tonight with a series of resolutions on "means to safeguard the peace" have been working a sixteen-hour day almost since the Congress opened last Thursday.

Resolutions due for a vote tonight, are expected to call for the banning of atomic weapons internatinal inspection of armed forces, the ending of "war propaganda", increased "peace propaganda", extension of cultural relations and the "broadening" of peace movement to include all men of goodwill'.

THREE DROWNED IN BRAHMPUTRA

GAUHATI Nov. 21 (PTI): Three persons are reported to have been drowned in the Brahmaputra near Goalpara town on Saturday last when a boat capsized. Two other occupants of the boat were saved being rescued by people.

Mellany Heads Drug Research Institute

LUCKNOW, Nov. 21 (PTI).—Mr. Edward Mellany, a medical scientist from the United Kingdom has taken over charge as a Director of the Central Drug Research Institute at Lucknow which is one of the eleven national laboratories proposed to be set up in India.

MEETING OF DESTINY

SASARAM (Shahabad) Nov. 20 (PTI).

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, the Socialist leader, addressing a public meeting here today said that "Tibet's Dalai Lama and China's Mao Tse-tung should meet in Bodh Gaya to achieve peace".

Dr. Lohia added, however, that such a meeting was not likely because "there is no such thing yet as an Asian mind. Instead, there are three different minds in Asia: status quo Asia, Communist Asia and the Socialist or freedom loving Asia. The three are in conflict with each other. Communist Asia is as reactionary as status quo Asia and socialist Asia must defeat both".

Meet After Eight Years

Thirteen-year-old 'jungle girl' Bertha Hertogh (centre in Malay costume) meets her mother, Mrs. Adeline Hertogh (left) at Singapore after eight years of separation. One right is Che Amin ab, the Malay nurse to whom Mrs. Hertogh handed over her daughter in in 1942 before entering a Japanese prison camp in Java. The meeting developed into a quarrel, Bertha saying she would not leave her husband (a Malay school teacher) to go back to Holland with her mother. Mrs. Hertogh flew from Holland to give evidence in a High Court case to decide whether Bertha's marriage last August was legal and who is to have her custody.

Rooting Out Corruption In Congress Elections

EXECUTIVE TO DISCUSS WAYS AND MEANS

NEW DELHI, Nov 21, (PTI)

THE Congress Working Committee, scheduled to meet tomorrow morning, will discuss certain amendments to the Congress constitution as recommended by a Sub-committee of the Working Committee

The main feature of the amendments proposed is re-introduction of paid membership of the Congress. Instead of the four-anna membership of the past, it is proposed to make the subscription one rupee per primary member There is to be direct elections to the Congress.

The Committee is understood to have expressed the view that the different tiers of membership and indirect elections have led to corruption in the organisation.

Instead of the three categories of membership, it is now proposed to have two sets of members—the primary members and active members.

There is to be a Central Tribunal and a Credential Committee at the Centre. Congress elections are to be held once in three years.

EMERGENCY POWERS

The constitution is also proposed to be suitably amended to vest the Congress Working Committee with adequate emergency powers to deal with abnormal situations.

The Sub-committee have not been able to submit to the Working Committee any amendments in regard to the machinery for selecting candidates to legislature and for regulating and coordinating parliamentary activities, it is understood.

The constitution of the Parliamentary Board created considerable interest and controversy at Nasik in view of the nearness of the General Election. Since the election itself has been postponed by a year the Working Committee is expected to consider the problem afresh in its various aspects.

The Working Committee is scheduled to be in session for three days and it is understood will also discuss the situation arising from the formation of the Congress Democratic Front by Acharya Kripalani as also the secession from Congress ranks of certain important leaders.

TANDON PAYS A FINE

JAIPUR, Nov. 21 (PTI).

Mr. Purushottam Das Tandon, the Congress President, was "fined" on November 7 for arriving late at a collective spinning programme, organised by the Jaipur Charkha Parishad.

The Congress President on arrival was informed by the organiser that late-comers had to pay a fine in the form of one hank of self-spun yarn to the parishad.

The Charkha Parishad President has today received from Mr. Tandon two hanks of self-spun yarn.

Jharia Miners Grow Violent

ARMED ATTACK ON OFFICIALS

JHARIA, Nov. 21 (UPI): About 20 miners armed with lathis, spears and other weapons made an attack on some officials of the local coalfield on Friday when the Director-in-Charge, Agent, Manager and other supervisory staff, had to take shelter in the cashier's room, bolting the doors and windows from inside, for safety of their lives.

Enraged mob of miners grew violent and attacked premises from both the sides, breaking glass panes and causing damage to office equipment, immediate and timely arrival of police averted worsening of the situation.

The trouble arose, it is learnt, as a result of refusal on the part of two miners to return unused explosives for which these two persons were called to the office to take the charge-sheet and submit explanation. Both of them infuriated at his exhorted other miners to take revenge.

The police arrested eight persons, who were subsequently released on bail by the S. D. O. Dhanbad.

BANDITS KILL U. S. MILLIONAIRE

MANILA, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).—Bandits killed an American millionaire businessman from Seattle, John Herbert, when he was motoring with friends 30 miles south of Manila yesterday.

He arrived here from Tokyo on Saturday for a conference of Shriners (a Masocia organisation).

No Need For Birth Control If...

MADRAS, Nov. 21 (PTI): Sir C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar, former Dewan of Travancore, said tonight that the problem of 'birth control' would not arise in India, if all waste lands were brought under cultivation to satisfy the needs of growing population.

KASHMIR FOREST ABLAZE

SRINAGAR, Nov. 21 (PTI).—Two hundred National Militia men were engaged in fighting what was a small column of smoke this morning but developed into a roaring fire by evening in a forest about four miles from here and at least one mile from the nearest habitation.

Three civilian fire engines have also been rushed to the scene of the fire, which is still raging.

Entered India Without Permit: Arrested

NAUTANWA, Nov. 21 (PTI).—A middle-aged Pathan found without a valid permit was arrested by the police at Nautanwa Bazar this morning under the Foreigners Travel Act.

The arrested person who spoke English could not satisfy the police about his presence in the border town.

He was almost without any money.

Ready To Help The Reds

LONDON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).—The Chinese Communist delegation on its way to Lake Success "will be accorded any help which it is in the power of the Foreign Office to give it" when it passes through London, a Foreign Office spokesman said today.

ONE PAKISTANI DEAD IN BORDER FIRING

KRISHNAGAR (West Bengal), Nov. 21 (UPI).—One Pakistani was killed and several others received injuries as a result of the recent exchange of firing in Indo-Pakistan border areas near Betai, Tehatta police station, over the cutting away of paddy from the Indian jurisdiction.

Cripps Suffering From Infection Of Spine

ZURICH, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Stafford Cripps, former British Chancellor of the Exchequer, is suffering from an infection of the spine and will need prolonged rest and treatment in the Swiss mountains, Lady Cripps said here today.

Sir Stafford Cripps, who is at present resting in a Zurich Nursing Home, is confined to bed and has to lie flat on his back. The infection was discovered on his last visit to the Swiss Nursing Home.

YERRA NARSAIAH, a top-ranking desperado, who is responsible for several murders, and six of his accomplices, were shot dead by the Police at Bongarala Kunta, Jangaon Taluqa.

Tibet's Appeal To U.N. Acknowledged

KALIMPONG, Nov. 21 (PTI).

THE Tibetan Finance Secretary, Tsepon Shakabpa, said here today that he had received from Lake Success formal acknowledgement of the Tibetan appeal to the United Nations.

He added that the appeal had been circulated among Security Council Members.

Shakabpa stated that the three-man delegation to the United Nations headed by Dzasa Surkhang, would be arriving in Kalimpong "soon". He said he had information that the delegation had left Lhasa, though he could not specify date.

The Tibetan leader confirmed that the Dalai Lama had taken over full powers, as spiritual and temporal head of Tibet. He also confirmed that with the Dalai Lama's assumption of full powers, the 72-year-old Tibetan monk stateman, Takta Rimpoche, had retired from his post of regent.

Tandon Lashes At Films

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (PTI): Mr. Purshottam Das Tandon, the Congress President, today advised students and teachers in the country to practice self-control in order to help build a new social order befitting the future political set up of the country.

The Congress President said he was not in favour of students patronising picture houses. "Films produced in the country are more to infuse vices in children than to serve as a means of education", he added.

HELPING VICTIMS OF COMMUNAL RIOTS

Joint Conference Suggests Special Legislation

CALCUTTA, Nov. 21 (PTI).

THE two-day Conference of the Chief Secretaries of West and East Bengal, which concluded its 18th session here today, agreed that steps should be taken to enact special legislation to render invalid all conversions effected during the period of communal disturbances in the different states in India and in East Bengal.

The conference was also attended by representatives of Assam and Tripura states.

It was further agreed between Tripura and East Bengal that the directors of land records of their respective Governments would start the work of demarcating the common boundary in the near future.

EVACUEE LAW

The Conference discussed the question of drafting the Evacuee Property Legislation and promulgation of a separate ordinance to cover clause B(V) (right of ownership in or occupancy of the immovable property of a migrant) of the Delhi Agreement. The draft prepared by the East Bengal Government in this connection was discussed and the West Bengal Government undertook to consider it while awaiting the decision of the two Central Ministers on the subject.

The position regarding the reinstatement of displaced industrial employees in the two Bengals was reviewed by the Conference. It gave a directive that all minority boards constituted in other states of India and in East Bengal should meet at least once before the 15th December next.

U.S. Soviet Talks On Jap Treaty

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).—Russia and the United States have had further talks on a proposed Japanese peace treaty, it was announced today.

Mr. John Foster Dulles, American delegate in charge of negotiations for a treaty, disclosed in a statement that he had again conferred with M. Jacob Malik, Soviet delegate to the United Nations Security Council.

The two men had met some weeks ago and M. Malik undertook to send to Moscow suggestions made by Mr. Dulles for an early treaty.

The Soviet delegation "submitted a memorandum seeking some clarification of the suggestions theretofore made by the United States, which Mr. Dules took under advisements for subsequent reply."

Disabled Soldiers Win A Prize

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (PTI).—Disabled inmates of the artificial limb workshop of the Military Hospital, Poona, have won a silver cup for their contribution in the grow-more-food drive launched by the Indian Army, it is learnt.

Disabled soldiers at Queen Mary's Technical School, Kirkee, have put above five acres of land under plough and produced 2,000 pounds of vegetable. The yield of jawar and groundnuts has secured for the institution a sum of Rs. 1,500.

NO CHANGE IN '51 IMPORTS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (PTI).

The Government of India are understood to have decided upon the import policy for the period January-June 1951 and a formal policy statement is expected to be published on December 15.

It is learnt that the imports for the next six months will be of the same order as for July-December, and will include the same commodities with approximately the same ceilings.

Meanwhile, India's export drive continues 'undated'.

A new all time high record was reached in October with the export-figure of Rs. 58 crores for a month.

CONSCRIPTION IN MALAYA

New Drive Against Red Guerillas

SINGAPORE, Nov. 21, (PTI-Reuter): The Government of Malaya is to take powers to conscript and direct manpower as part of the new measure to intensify the war against the guerillas Mr. A. P. Foster Sutton, officer administer the Government, announced today.

He told the Legislative Council in Kuala Lumpur that regulations would be published giving the Government these powers and that the Federal War Council was being expanded.

There were no signs of an imminent break in the morale of the guerillas, he said.

DETERIORATION

In Singapore, Mr. W. L. Blythe, Colonial Secretary told the colony's Legislative Council that during the last three months, the security situation in the colony itself had deteriorated.

Train service between Singapore and Kuala Lumpur was again disorganised today following the derailment last night in Johore of the night mail.

The engine and one coach were derailed, but the only casualty was the driver who received slight burns. Terrorists removed a rail length after a pilot engine ahead of the train had passed by.

Contempt Of U. S. Congress: Grand Jury Indicts 12

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 (PTI-Reuter).—A Grand Jury today indicted 12 people, including an heiress and an atomic scientist, for alleged contempt of Congress.

They are accused of refusing to answer questions during a House Committee investigation of communism.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted men and women to work in spare time everywhere. Apply Box No. 2235 "Bombay Chronicle".

ASTROLOGY

Consult— Prof. Pillai (Ex Engineer) No. 61, Swami Pandaram St., Chintadripet, Madras. 2. For 1951 and 52. Weekly predictions. Give date of Birth and Rs. 3/-. 9136

MACHINERY FOR SALE

We Manufacture All Kinds of Bolts, Nuts and Rivets, etc. Enquiries invited. Associated Machinery Co., Ltd., 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta—1

(2197)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the undersigned from the contractors borne on the approved list of Railways and other Government Departments for erection of one 350 ft. clear revitted type rail and road girder span 362'-0" centre of bearings, B.G., M.L. Standard, over the Chakki Khud on the Mukerian-Pathankot Railway (under construction). Only those contractors, who have considerable experience in this type of work and are in possession of all tools and plant and equipment required for the satisfactory execution of this work, should tender.

The prescribed tender form and the conditions of contract can be obtained from the office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Eastern Punjab Railway, Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5|-|-. Tenders will be received upto 14.00 hours on 18th December, 1950, and will be opened at 15.00 hours on the same day.

Copies of drawings showing the general arrangement of the span can be had from the office of the Deputy Chief Controller of Standardization (Civil), New Delhi, on payment.

The successful tenderers shall have to start the work within a fortnight from the date of receipt of the first consignment from the fabricators and shall have to complete the same in all respects within three months from the date of receipt of the last consignment of fabricated material.

The amount of earnest money to be deposited is Rs. 10,000|-. Earnest money must be deposited in cash in the name of the Chief Cashier and Paymaster, E.P. Railway. Bank Cheques, guarantee bonds or treasury deposits receipts will not be accepted.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, DELHI.

(9100)

WANTED

INSURANCE FIELD STAFF

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from educated persons with influence for the posts of agents and special agents to augment the field organisation in all parts of India of an old established British Life Office. Apply giving age, details of previous experience if any, copies of testimonials; and place where appointment desired, to Box No. 9112 "Bombay Chronicle".

FAMOUS CINE LITHO WORKS

THE PUBLIC are informed that an ex-parte order has been passed against the proprietor, Ebrahimji Lookmanji declaring him an Evacuee as he failed to attend the enquiry. The proprietor has now filed an appeal for setting aside the order and his case being reheard. The appeal is to be heard on 4. December 1950 and all proceedings against the proprietor until then have been ordered by the Custodian to be stayed.

S. F. B. TYABJI AND CO.,
Solicitors & Notary Public.
21-11-1950.
(9140)

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD:

NOTICE

ORDINARY SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 16812, 8792 standing in the name of NANALAL ZAVER of Bombay are reported to have been LOST OR MISLAID and application has been received for issue of duplicates thereof. Any claim in respect of these shares be notified to the Registered Office of the Company, Scindia House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month hereof, otherwise duplicate certificates will be issued.

For THE SCINDIA STEAM NAV. CO. LTD.,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 22-11-'50.
(9142)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

NOTICE

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited by the undersigned from the contractors borne on the approved list of Railways and other Government Departments for the following works on the Mukerian—Pathankot Railway (under construction):—

(a) Construction of left guide bund and armour for the bridge over river Beas; (Mukerian Bank).

(b) Construction of right guide bund and armour for the bridge over river Beas; (Mirthal Bank).

2. The prescribed tender forms with conditions of contract and detailed tender conditions can be obtained from the office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Eastern Punjab Railway, Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5/-/- for each work. The tenders will be received upto 14.00 hours on the 2nd December, 1950 and will be opened at 15.00 hours on the same date.

3. The work in each case is required to be completed by the 30th of June, 1951 and should commence within a fortnight from the date of acceptance of the tender.

4. The amount of earnest money to be deposited is Rs. 25,000/-/- for each work. Earnest money must be deposited in cash in the name of the Chief Cashier and Treasurer, Eastern Punjab Railway, at any station on the Eastern Punjab Railway. Bank cheques, guarantee bonds and treasury deposit receipts will not be acceptable. Tenders received without earnest money will not be considered.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, DELHI.

(9135)

URBAN IMPROVEMENT BOARD

NOTIFICATION

Ref:— This office Notification No. 5666 dated, 2-12-49 published in Government Gazette Dated 17-12-49.

WITH THE PREVIOUS APPROVAL of the Government, it is hereby notified for the information of the allottees of plots in Improvement Schemes 'A', 'C' and 'E' that the period within which building work should be started in the said Schemes has further been extended to December 31st, 1950, in consideration of certain representations inviting attention to some difficulties in taking up construction work during the last few months.

It is, however, made clear that no such further extension would be granted and all building work should therefore be definitely taken up before the said date failing which necessary steps would be taken to resume the plot in accordance with the terms of sale-contract and the bye-laws of the respective Schemes.

By construction of a house should be understood the construction of the main building in the plot and not the out-houses etc. Only. It is also made clear that construction would mean continued building work in the real sense and not merely piling up of some building material. If at any stage after December 31st, 1950, it is found that reasonable progress is not being maintained the allottee will be liable to be subjected to penal action.

Sd/- SATYA PRASANNA SINGH BHANDARI
Special Officer
Town Improvement Rajasthan and Secretary, Urban Improvement Board, JAIPUR.

(9143)

THE BENGAL BURMA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bengal Burma Steam Navigation Company, Limited, will be held at Scindia House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on THURSDAY the 21st December, 1950, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) to consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"THAT this Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bengal Burma Steam Navigation Company, Limited, held at Scindia House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on Thursday, the 21st December 1950 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) having found it fit that the Company be voluntarily liquidated do hereby resolve that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. A. K. S. Aiyar of Bombay, be and is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up with authority to exercise all the powers of the Liquidator and that his remuneration for the said work of Liquidation be and is hereby fixed at 1 p.c. of the Realisations of all Assets, the said remuneration not to exceed Rs. 6,000/- to be paid to the above mentioned Liquidator, exclusive of out-of-pocket expenses."

By Order of the Board of Directors,
S. N. HAJI,
Chairman.

Scindia House,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 18th November 1950.
(9141)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE VISHNU COTTON MILL LIMITED

NOTICE

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the Vishnu Cotton Mill Limited, held on the 21st November 1950, it was resolved that an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 3|- per Ordinary Share free of tax be paid to the shareholders whose names stand in the Company's register at the close of business on 2nd December 1950.

The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 4th December to 13th December 1950 both days inclusive.

Warrants for the above dividend will be posted to the shareholders on the 14th December 1950.

By Order of the Board of Directors For The Bombay Company Limited,

A. L. HUTSON,
Managing Director.
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

9, Wallace Street, Fort,
Bombay: 22nd November 1950.
9145

THE LAKHSHMI COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the Lakhshmi Cotton Manufacturing Company Limited, held on the 21st November 1950, it was resolved that an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 10|- per Ordinary Share free of tax be paid to the shareholders whose names stand in the Company's register at the close of business on 2nd December 1950.

The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 4th December to 13th December 1950 both days inclusive.

Warrants for the above dividend will be posted to the shareholders on the 14th December 1950.

By Order of the Board of Directors For The Bombay Company, Limited,

A. L. HUTSON,
Managing Director.
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

9, Wallace Street, Fort,
Bombay: 22nd November 1950.
(9146)

CENTRAL P.W.D.

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited from approved contractors of Central P.W.D., State P.W.D., Bombay Municipality and Railways, upto 3 p.m. on 28-11-'50, for the work of "Widening of and Special Repairs to the Approach Road from Bombay Kurla Road to Santacruz Aerodrome". Estimated cost— Rs. 29,982/-. Tender forms and specifications can be obtained on payment of Rs. 5/4/- (not refundable) on any working day upto 27-11-50 from the undersigned.

R. P. MHATRE,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Divn. No. 1.,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate,
BOMBAY 1.

(9088)

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

Sealed Tenders for contract to advertise on the Tramway Poles belonging to the Undertaking, issued by us will be received by the Chief Store Keeper, Electric House, up to noon on 30th November, 1950.

Tender Forms can be had from the Chief Store-Keeper on payment of Rs. 5/- per copy plus Sales Tax.

(9117)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. LILY GOMES of Bombay Christian Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the building tenure together with the building and Bungalow standing thereon known as Bungalow No. 2 situate at Khandala in Lonavala Division containing by admeasurement two thousand nine hundred and eighteen (2918) square yards or thereabouts according to old title deeds but 2662 square yards or thereabouts according to City Survey in the Village of Khandala in the Lonavala Division in the Mawal Taluka of Poona District and registered by the Collector of Poona under Old Survey No. 97, New Survey No. 223 and City Survey Nos. 26 and 26/1 and assessed by the Municipality of Lonavala under ward Khandala and bearing Old House No. 247 and New House No. 244/32 and bounded as follows: On the North by Survey No. 96 and City Survey No. 30, on the South by Bombay Poona Road, on the East by Survey No. 196 bearing City Survey No. 25 and on the West by Survey No. 224 and City Survey No. 27.

Dated this 20th day of November 1950.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(9137)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1213 of 1948

SULEMAN ISMAIL ... Plaintiff.

Versus

KADIR SHAIKHALI DABIR ... ... Defendant.

Pursuant to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 19th day of July 1949 the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in three lots by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Friday 1st December 1950 4 p.m. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS LOT NO. 1.

Roha property situate at Gavthan Roha village Roha District Colaba Taluka Roha, bearing City Survey No. 298 admeasuring 2 Gunthas, 90 yards. All the land mentioned in therein and the house thereon and bounded as follows:— On the East Public Road, on the West compound of Nooraji on the South the house land of Gorya Khokalkar which belongs to Umar Saheb Mauline and on the North the house of Nooraji.

LOT NO. 11

Share in the house facing the North having tiled roof and facing the East bearing Municipal No. 482 situate at Upper Musalman Mohalla at Kasba Roha in District Colaba Admeasuring in length from East to West 14 hands and from South to North 8 hands to the West of the house there is a land gate in the compound admeasuring in the length from South to North 12 hands in breadth from East to West 9 hands, according to this the share of house and land of the gate and the land under the house. All the land is bounded as follows:— on the East public Road on the West compound and beyond that the house of Songe on the South the shares of the said house belonging to Abdul Rahim and Yasin Miya Chhapekar and on the North the Lane of the house of the share of Bai Sab Shaikhalli Khambre.

LOT NO. 111

The house and land situate at the Gavthan at Kasba Roha District Colaba Taluka Roha bearing Municipal House No. 458 S.S. No. 276 admeasuring 246 square yards out of which the measurement of the house is from East to West 30½ feet in breadth and from the South to North 28 feet in length the said house is facing the West having a tiled roof and walls and at the front side a verandah and the back of the house open land admeasuring from East to West 41-3/4 feet and from South to North 35 1/4 feet.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. KHANDVALA AND CHHOTALAL, Attorney for the Plaintiff abovenamed at Lentin Chambers Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1950.

(Sd.) A. KIRTEKAR
Commissioner.

(9134)

AUCTION SALES

IN ACCORDANCE with Section 119 of the Sea Customs Act 1878 under instructions from the Collector of Customs Bombay MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY the 22nd November 1950 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House Ballard Road confiscated goods such as 25 Cases Rayon Yarn, 24 Bdles. coir for mattresses, Jai: Dues Lungis: C.P. Goods: Milk Cans: Gramophone needles: Perfumery: Cigarettes. Constant Temperature Regulating Apparatus, Automatic Pencils and other Misc. goods.

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.

for ALL BANKING PROBLEMS

Subscribed Capital Rs. 4 crores
Paid up Capital Rs. 2 crores
Reserve Fund Rs. 52½ lacs.

Head Office CALCUTTA

C. D. BIRLA, Chairman — S. T. THAKUR, General Manager

PLEA FOR MORE CREDIT TO VILLAGERS

Debate On Reserve Bank Bill

NEW DELHI, November 21, (PTI).

PARLIAMENT today debated in conclusively the Finance Minister Mr. C. D. Deshmukh's motion for reference of the Reserve Bank of India (Amendment) Bill to a Select Committee.

As a special case, speaker Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, at the request of the Minister of State for Parliamentary. Affairs, agreed to allow members of the Select Committee also to participate in the discussion at this stage.

The bill among other things, seeks to extend the period of accommodation that the Bank may make available for productive finance in the field of agriculture and co-operation from nine months to one year.

Mr. Deshmukh made a purely factual analysis of the provision but speakers covered extensive ground during the debate that followed.

MR. DESHMUKH EXPLAINS

In view of the financial integration of Part 'B' states (formerly known as Indian states) with the Union Centre, Mr. Deshmukh said, the Bill sought to extend the provisions of the Reserve Bank of India Act to all the states excepting Jammu and Kashmir. In due course the Reserve Bank would occupy towards the Part 'B' states the same position as it did in regard to part a states (formerly called provinces).

The existing financial and banking arrangements in Part 'B' states were not of the same patttern nor were they of the same standard. Government would accordingly move an amendment at the Select Committee stage allowing the Reserve Bank to undertake only such functions in any given state as they considered it possible or desirable for the time being to undertake.

This would also leave scope for giving effect to some of the recommendations of the Rural Banking Enquiry Committee in connection with treasury arrangements in Part 'B' states. These recommendations were under consideration at the moment.

The bill also contained amendments which the Reserve Bank considered necessary in the light of experience. The most important of these was the extension of the period of accommodation. There had been a persistent demand that this period should be extended, as the present period prescribed was not sufficient for productive finance for agricultural operations. That was the finding of the Co-operative Planning Committee and also the conclusion reached independently by the Reserve Bank. It was hoped that if the period was extended, it would enable the co-operative movement to take full advantage of the finance which the Reserve Bank could make available to it.

Among other amendments was one which deleted the stipulations regarding the limit and maturity of Government securities which might be held by the Bank. These, the Finance Minister said, were unduly restrictive. At one time it was possible there was some justification for the provisions, but it was quite clear that there was no reason to continue them now, especially in view of the transfer of the bank to public ownership. Those stipulations fettered the discretion of the Central Bank in its open market operations, and they had really no parallel in legislation concerning the other Commonwealth central banks. Discretion would now be left to the Reserve Bank to manage it in accordance with Central Banking principles.

Another amendment related to arrangements which the Reserve Bank could make on behalf of the Governments of foreign countries. The bank had been called upon to maintain an account and render other banking services for those Governments, and that was not at present covered by the Act. There was also a provision in the bill to enable the Reserve Bank to purchase the shares of the International Bank.

MONEY MARKET CONDITIONS

The Reserve Bank considered it desirable that it should be supplied with more precise information on money market conditions from week to week, and the bill requires the scheduled banks to give that information.

It had been brought to the notice of the Reserve Bank and Government in recent months that some of the Scheduled Banks which had migrated to India from Pakistan were not able to comply strictly with the statutory requirments regarding maintenance of minimum deposits, submission of returns etc. It was now proposed to invest the Reserve Bank with discretion to grant exemptions in deserving cases. That would be in concurrence with the other and more important powers exercised by the Bank under the Banking Companies Act.

Government would move an amendment at the Select Committee stage authorising a Deputy Governor to exercise the Governor's powers during the Governor's absence. This was an omission in the nationalisation measure.

Since the bill was drafted, it was represented to Government that the period of two days prescribed for the submission of returns involved unnecessary expenditure on the part of the banks in obtaining telegraphic information from their branches. It was, therefore, proposed that the period should be altered to five days and in order to provide for the special difficulties of any bank owing to the geographical position of its branches, a provisco should be made allowing extension of the period in special cases to ten days.

NATIONALISE

Mr. B. Das, supported by Prof. N. G. Ranga, wanted nationalisation of the Imperial Bank. Prof. Ranga said that if this demand was not acceptable, Government should consider the advisability of establishing an Agricultural finance corporation.

Both Mr. Das and Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari wanted more comprehensive legislation. Government, said Mr. Krishnamachari, should undertake a survey of banking conditions in the country before long and should, among other things, provide a useful auxiliary for the Reserve Bank, whether it was the Imperial Bank or some other bank, which would take banking down to the doors of the rural inhabitants.

The interest rates obtaining in rural areas and even in urban areas were already so high that monetary stringency was being felt in spite of inflationary conditions. Some machinery should be created to bring the interest rates down.

A POOR MAN'S BANK

Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhuri said that the Reserve Bank should not function merely as a capitalists' banker, but should function for the poor.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyanger said that the Reserve Bank should act not merely as a "safe deposit vault' but as the 'watch-dog of the industrial and economic progress of the country'.

Mr. Ayyangar criticised the proposal to remove the restrictions on the limit and maturity of the Government securities to be held by the Bank and said these had been intended to safeguard the interests of the Bank. They did not know what would be the complexion of future governments. There should be "a hurdle" in the way of the security of the bank being undermined by a Government.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari asked the Finance Minister what Government's or the Reserve Bank's policy was in regard to the interest rates: Government securities, particularly long-dated ones, were slowly slumping for want of support from the Reserve Bank.

Did Government stand by the cheap money policy or were they allowing the rates to find their own level as Canada had done in the case of her foreign exchange rate?

BANKING AWARD

Mr. Krishnamachari said that he was on the side of labour in any dispute with the capitalists, but he did feel that the award given by the Industrial Tribunal in respect of banks helped neither the bank employees nor the future of banking in this country.

He insisted that persons appointed to important posts in banking concerns, nationalised or otherwise, should be persons with experience in that field. He said "very often it has happened that we appoint people to important positions either because we feel that somebody else would otherwise get in there who is worse and so a nonentity is better or because we feel that the wife of a man is a very clever person and, therefore, the man must also imbibe some of her cleverness" (laughter).

Mr. Krishnamachari said that a person appointed to a very important position in a bank was reported to have confessed at a party given in his honour that his only banking experience had been that twice he had unsuccessfully applied for overdrafts (laughter).

Prof. N. G. Ranga said that the extension of the period of accommodation to one year could not be described as generous, because it had been suggested as early as 14 years ago. He wanted extension of the period to 18 months, so that land mortgage banks could also be accommodated. In addition to provincial Co-operative Banks, the Reserve Bank should also advance credit directly to the District Co-operative Banks and Provincial Co-operative Marketing Societies, he added.

Earlier, the House passed the Evacuee Property (Amendment Bill).

QUESTION HOUR

The Transport Minister disclosed during the question hour that twelve branch railway lines, which were dismantled during the war, will be restored during a three-year period commencing from 1951/52.

The restoration of Tinpahar-Rajmahal Line had been included in the programme for 1951/52 and that of Bhagalpur-Mandar Hill in the 1952/53. Programme.

FLATS FOR M.P.'s

The Works, Mines and Power Ministry has taken in hand recently the construction of a hundred flats for Members of Parliament, the Minister for Works, Mines and Power disclosed. The flats were being constructed on the North Avenue near the President's House.

LAND FOR JUTE

Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Food Minister, stated in a written answer today in Parliament that 24,00,000 acres of land under food crops had been diverted to growing jute while the increase in the acreage under cotton was reported to be 13.7 lakhs. As the result of the diversion, the Food Minister said, the increase in output of jute would be 6,00,000 bales and of cotton 3,40,000 bales. The resultant loss of foodgrains was 69,600 tons of rice by conversion of land to the jute cultivation and 3,00,000 tons of millet and rice by diversion of food grain lands to cotton cultivation.

FANS IN THIRD CLASS

Up to October 31 this year, 1,339 third clas coaches have been fitted with fans, said Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Minister for Railways and Transport, in a written reply to Mr. R. K. Sidhwa.

The Minister added: The number of fans fitted in coaches with third class accommodation and their carrying capacity varies from railway to railway with different types of vehicles. The total number of fans in the third class copartments of a coach ranges from one to twelve and the third class carrying capacity of a coach depends on the number of compartments in a coach set apart for third class passengers and ranges from six to 128.

TRAIN ACCIDENTS

653 In 4 Months

Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State (Railways) said in reply to Mr. H. V. Kamath that 653 train accidents occurred in Indian railways during the four months June to September 1950.

Of these ten were very serious, 47 serious, 375 minor and 221 trivial.

Fifty-four lives were lost and the approximate cost of damage to engines, rolling stock and permanent way amounted to Rs. 12,36,000.

Of the two major accidents in which deaths of passengers had occurred namely Toofan Express and Kashmir Mail accidents, the accident to the Kashmir Mail was due to some error of judgment in passing over a culvert during the rainy season while in respect of Toofan Express disaster, a judicial enquiry had been ordered. The Government Inspectorate expressed the opinion that it was due to sabotage.

In regard to other accidents nearly half the number of accidents were due to some error on the part of staff and the other half due to mechanical defects.

ENGINEERING SURVEY

Traffic and detailed engineering surveys for a railway line between Quilon and Ernakulam are in progress, said Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar in a written answer to Mr. R. Velayudhan today.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Food Minister, said that no State Government had reported starvation deaths and the reports which appeared in the press had on verification been found incorrect, except in the case of beggar in Bihar.

The Food Minister who was replying to Mr. H. V. Kamath in Parliament today said that scarcity of foodgrains existed at present in Bihar, Madras, Eastern Uttar Pradesh, parts of West Bengal and parts of Assam. Maximum supplies would be made available to the affected States from the total availabilities which would be mobilised to the fullest possible extent.

In three months ending October, India had imported 719,900 tons of foodgrains at a cost of Rs. 185,960,000.

PRESERVATION OF RAJGHAT SAMADHI

Statutory Committee To Be Set Up

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, November 21.

The Ministry of Works proposes to bring up legislation during this session of Parliament to ensure proper maintenance, preservation and administration of the Samadhi of Mahatma Gandhi at Rajghat. The statement of objects and reasons says: The object of this Bill is to ensure proper maintenance, preservation and administration of the Rajghat Samadhi shrine built in memory of the Father of the Nation.

The means proposed in this Bill to ensure this end is the establishment, with certain powers, of a Committee consisting of three officials and three non-officials with the Chief Commissioner of Delhi as Chairman. The Committee shall do all things reasonable and necessary to ensure that the Rajghat Samadhi is properly maintained, controlled and administered.

It shall make proper watch and ward arrangements and shall organise and regulate periodical celebration at the Samadhi such as Sarvodaya Day, Friday prayers and Gandhi Jayanti. It shall control access to the Samadhi and shall be in charge of income accruing to it.

It was felt that without legislative enactment it would not be possible to enforce authority adequate for the purposes of maintenance and regulation of the shrine. Ad Hoc Committees depend too much on personal factors, and in a crisis responsibility devolves upon the magistracy and the police. The Statutory Committee is, therefore, being set up.

OILSEED EXPORT: NO BAN PROPOSED

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

There is no proposal to ban export of oilseeds, it is declared here. The Government's export policy was fully explained and approved by a meeting of the Export Advisory Committee last month. The Government, it is explained, has permitted exports of 8,000 tons of groundnuts from the existing stocks and 20,000 tons during January and February, 1951 for the next year's crop.

Periodical quotas of linseed for registration of sales have been placed at the disposal of the ports and sales and shipments have been proceeding satisfactorily.

There was no export of casterseed till the middle of the year when, following the outbreak of the Korean War a keen demand for it arose from countries wanting to stockpile it. With a view to avoiding serious disturbances in the internal market, quotas are announced from time to time to enable shippers to meet the foreign demand.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

NEW SOURCES FOR CIVIC REVENUE

Suggestion In Standing Committee

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

SPEAKING on the deficit budget presented by the Municipal Commissioner at the meeting of the Municipal Standing Committee today, Mr. Homi J. H. Talyarkhan suggested that new sources should be tapped for increasing the revenues of the Bombay Municipality.

He asked Government to grant powers to the Bombay Municipality to levy tax on the Share Market transactions, on the heavy profits made by insurance companies in the city, on the income of the Bombay Turf Club at race meetings and also on shipping trade, which be said earned huge profits every year.

He made novel suggestions of taxing those engaging the services of domestic servants and taxing car owners for parking their cars and levying minor taxes on bicycles and on restaurant bills of more than Rs. 3/-. He thought that this would help a long way in augmenting the depleted incomes of the Bombay Municipality which has to bear the heavy burden of running the civic administration and providing civic facilities and amenities to the citizens.

PRIMARY TEACHERS

Mr. Talyarkhan was sorry to see the lot of primary school teachers in the city, who were, he said, still earning only Rs. 50 or Rs. 60 a month in the suburbs. He hoped that something would soon be done in the matter. He also suggested extension of the scheme of providing free milk to primary school children to the suburbs.

Finally, he said: "I am perturbed to find that in the income side, we still expect Rs. 46,340/- as receipts from hospitals. dispensaries and maternity homes. Why has not the practice of free admission and treatment been brought into force in the city in spite of the assurance given to me when I had raised the issue last time?"

BRELVI MEMORIAL FUND

Nehru Donates Rs. 150

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Prime Minister of India, Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru, has donated Rs. 150 to the S. A. Brelvi Memorial Fund of the Bombay Union of Journalists. His cheque was the first to arrive, as soon as he was intimated of the opening of an account in the joint name of Mr. R. P. Masani, Chairman and Mr. G. L. Mehta, treasurer of the Memorial Fund Committee. The account is with the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank.

The work of the committee which was stalled for some time for various technical reasons is now in swing. Among the leading contributions already received are Rs. 200 by Raja Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, Rs. 101 by Dr. Syed Mahmud, Minister of Transport and Development, Government of Bihar, Patna; Rs. 301 by Mr. R. K. Karanjia, Editor, Blitz and Rs. 100 by Mr. M. Harris, Editor, Ajmal. Other promises made include Rs. 100 by Dr. Zakir Hussein, Vice-Chancellor, Aligarh University and Rs. 1,000 by Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, Government of Bombay.

The Chairman, Treasurer and Secretaries of the Committee have issued an appeal on behalf of the Memorial Fund Committee calling upon all journalists in India, as well as the friends and admirers of the late Mr. S. A. Brelvi to contribute generously to the fund.

Cheques should be drawn in the name of Mr. R. P. Masani and/or Mr. G. L. Mehta and sent to the Secretaries of the Fund, c/o the Bombay Union of Journalists, 2nd floor. Prospect Chambers Annexe, Fort, Bombay.

Famous Musician In Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Pandit Devendra Vijaya, the famous Musician and Kirtankar of India, has recently returned to Bombay after the tour overseas countries.

Pandit Devendra Vijaya will stay for some months in Bombay.

THE EIGHTH BOMBAY MEDICAL CONGRESS.

Will be held on SATURDAY 25th and SUNDAY 26th November, 1950 from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily at the TAJ-MAHAL Hotel. All Medical practitioners are cordially invited to attend.

They should obtain their admission cards from the undersigned, as admission is only to card holders.

MEDICAL BALL & INDIAN CABARET

will be held on SATURDAY the 25th November at the Green's Hotel.

Tickets Rs. 5-4-0. each.

Ladies Free.

VASANT P. MEHTA.
K. U. JHATAKIA.
MAJOR MENON.
Joint Hon. Secretaries.

CLOSER INDO-U.S. RELATIONS URGED

Mayor's Farewell Party To Mr. Timberlake

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Closer Co-operation between India and America will promote peace and progress of the world, said Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, at a farewell ceremony held by him in honour of Mr. H. Timberlake, Consul-General for the United States Of America and Mrs. Timberlake, in the Municipal Corporation Hall this evening. A large and distinguished gathering including High Court Judges, Ministers of Bombay State members of the Consular Corps was present on the occasion.

Mr. Patil said that he welcomed the news that the United States was interested in the development of Asiatic nations. The United States he said was one of the most advanced, highly industrialised and progressive countries of the world. It was the United States, he added, that had consistently supported and upheld the high principles of democracy and the idea of collective security behind the great world organisation, the United Nations

TRIBUTES

Paying tributes to the work done both by Mr. Clare H. Timberlake and Mrs. Timberlake in this city, the Mayor said that both of them had occupied a high place in the social life of the city. Bombay would miss them very much, added Mr. Patil.

In the course of his brief reply, Mr. Timberlake said that they had both enjoyed the hospitality of Bombay and the friendship that they had formed in this great city would endear them to Bombay for many yaers. He felt sorry, to leave this city. He, however, added that he was not going far and he could conveniently come down to Bombay frequently from New Delhi where he is going as Public Relations Officer to the United States Embassy.

Mr. Timberlake emphasised the importance of public relations in interpreting and understanding another country to one's own country and in cementing cordial relations with that country. He had done while in Bombay all he could in expanding the activities of the United States Information Service to the public of Bombay.

Bombay Asks For Loan To Construct Tube Wells

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister of Agriculture, Government of Bombay, said here today that the State had asked for a loan of Rs. two crores from the Centre for the construction of tube wells. The Government of Bombay proposed to construct 400 tube wells in different parts of the State in order to bring under cultivation about 50,000 acres of land. The tube well scheme which is a part of the Grow More Food Campaign will help considerably in wiping out the food deficit of the State.

"We hope to get this loan", said the Minister with confidence. The one-crore loan which the State had asked for purchasing tractors may also be granted wholly or partly, he added.

BUILD HAPPIER COUNTRYSIDES

Kher Commends Self-help To Villagers

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Shri B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay, commended self-help and mutual co-operation to villagers in order to build a better and happier countryside, while speaking at the prize distribution ceremony at the Sholapur District Agricultural and Cattle Show, at Pandharpur, yesterday.

The Chief Minister told the gathering present on the occasion that it was possible for villagers themselves to construct and repair approach road, to dig trench latrines, to construct small school buildings, to organise village libraries, to provide medical facilities and to arrange small-scale maternity homes in their villages.

The Chief Minister appreciated the growing interest of villagers in such agricultural exhibitions.

The show was inaugurated by Shri M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, on Saturday last.

Six Years For Trespass And Assault

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Unanimously found guilty by a common jury of the offences of causing grievous hurt, trespass at night, and possessing arms without a licence, Jogendrasingh Harmansing, a Sikh tailor was sentenced to imprisonment for an aggregate term of six years by Mr. J. C. Bhatt, Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay.

The prosecution case was that late at night on May 3, 1949 the accused entered into the flat of Assasingh, a neighbour, through a window. Assasingh's daughter Shushil Kaur was sleeping in the room with her brothers and sisters. Shushil Kaur woke up and shouted. Her sister Indrajit Kaur also screamed. Assasing who was in the adjoining room rushed to the spot. The accused all of a sudden took out a revolver fired at Shushil Kaur and injured her in the abdomen. She was removed to a hospital where the bullet was taken out. The accused absconded.

Next day, a police constable patrolling on Chowpatty saw a clean-shaven youth strolling there. On suspicion he called the youth near him and wanted to search his person. The man, who turned out to be the accused in this case, took out a revolver and fired at the constable, who with the assistance of the public chased the accused. The accused fired two rounds and ultimately aimed the weapon at himself and fell down seriously wounded. The defence of the accused was that he was falsely implicated out of enmity.

The counsel for the prosecution urged that a severe sentence should be passed. The learned judge sentenced him as above.

Mr. M. B. Vora appeared for the State. The accused appeared in person.

Their Lordships Mr. Justice Bavdeker and Mr. Justice Dixit at the Bombay High Court rejected an appeal preferred by Syed Ahmed Hoosein Mohamed against his conviction and sentence of one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300. The appellant, a sub-postmaster at Kholvad, was charged with tampering with two postal orders.

Air Transport Body Meets

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sir Gurunath Bewoor, Director of Tatas, arrived from Delhi today.

Sir Gurunath attended the meeting of the Air Transport Association, which is reported to have accepted the recommendations of the Air Transport Enquiry Committee, and requested the Government of India to implement them immediately.

It is learnt that the recommendations of the Committee would be discussed by the Cabinet shortly and then would be placed before the Parliament.

The Pulse Of The City

AN OFFENCE STILL: A young Muslim was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment for kidnapping a 15-year old girl from the lawful guarianship of her father by the Additional Session Judge, Mr. J. C. Bhatt. The girl had run away with the accused to Nasik where, both admitted, they had illicit relations. On the admission of the girl that she loved the accused and had run away without any inducement, the jury returned a unanimous verdict not guilty on the charge of kidnapping in order to force her into into illicit relations.

MAIN ACCUSED: The Imperial Bank godown was broken open in September last and property worth Rs. 20,000 was stolen. The main accused according to the police was only arrested Monday when they arrested Chandulal Govindji at Thana on information given by another accused, who was in custody. Presidency Magistrate B. D. Belvi at the Girgaum Court Tuesday offered him bail.

ATTRACTED BY SILK: Punjab House, a cloth shop at Colaba Causeway was burgled on Monday night and silk sarees and woollen goods worth Rs. 9030 were taken away. No arrests made.

INFANT HEAD SMASHED: Seven-year-old Saifuddin Abbasalli was playing on the road with his friend when a speeding lorry crushed him under the wheel. He died with his head smashed. His friend was luckier, and escaped with minor injuries.

BRUTAL ASSAULT: A gang had their vengeance on a watchman of the Gas Company and his friend when the two were brutally assaulted. The watchman was stabbed five times, while the other died subsequently of his injuries. A member of the gang was arrested and has been remanded in custody.

BRANDY AT 2 A.M.: A police driver's suspicions led to the seizure of 52 bottles of brandy at 2 a.m Monday night. Alone the driver of a police car gave chase to another car which was moving suspiciously along Haines Road. At Tardeo he got help from a flying squad while he blocked the other car in a lane. The liquor was found in the superficial tanks of the car. Three persons have been arrested.

DISAPPEARING BAG: Mahadeo R. Mahale went to the Bank of India with a bag containing cash and jewellery valued at Rs. 8,225. He sat on a bench to write a cheque but got up to find that the bag had disappeared. Two of the three persons who sat near him also walked off before he got help from a constable. The third had nothing on his person.

SAFE TO HIDE: Gunaji, N. Vankar used to keep fermented wash in a manhole on Fergusson Road. The police who suspected this caught him redhanded. He offered resistance but was put under arrest. He was allowed bail at the Bandra Court on Monday.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

HINDU: Kartik Shud 13 2007.
MUSLIM: Safar 11, 1370.
PARSI: Khordad 21, 1320.
Sunrise 6-50 a.m. Sunset 6-0 p.m., Hightide 1014, 23-30, Lowtide 04-42, 16-42.

Today's Engagements

THE SILVER FISH: Mr. G. S. Rovvsnen will give a talk on "The Atheist looks at Life" 6-15 p.m.

THE BOMBAY UNION OF JOURNALISTS: Third Annual General meeting 5-30 p.m.

THE BOMBAY DIVISIONAL HOTEL AND RESTAURANT KEEPERS ASSOCIATION: General Meeting at Kitte Bhandari Hall Dadar, 2 p.m.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Educational films will be shown at the Town Hall 6-15 p.m.

THE BOMBAY ART SOCIETY: An exhibition of paintings by Mr. A.A. Almelker will be opened by Mr. W. M. Hartwell at the Salon, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY CITY SOCIAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE: A Meeting of the 2nd Social Education Week Committee at the Committee Hall (Bhatia Mitra Mandal Bhuvan, opp-G.P.O.) 6 p.m.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: 3-30 p.m.

INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERS: Mr. B. G. Deshpande will speak on "Ground Water Resources of alluvial tracts of Gujerati" Lecture Hall Royal Institute of Science.

COMMERCE GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION: Prof. C. N. Vakil will speak on "Limitations of Planning" at Greens Hotel, 6-30 p.m.

THE UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Question and Answer Meeting preceded by a short talk on "Passivity versus Receptivity" 6-15 p.m.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 22.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m. 7-30 English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6 Gujarati 8-45 a.m. 7-45 3-15 Hindi 3-15 a.m 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. 9 Oriya 7-15 a.m. 1-10 p.m. 7-15 8-15 p.m. Tamil 7-15 a.m. 2 p.m. 7-15 Telegu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 Urdu 9 a.m. 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

244 m., 07-30 Subhashita, 07-35 Mangal Smaran, 07-40 Programme, 07-45 Hindi by radio, 08-15 A Joshi, kh. v.d., 13-40 New Light Symp. Orch., 13-55 J. Cross & T D Monte, 14-15 Boston Prom. Orch., 16-20 School broadcast, 17-30 Vasanti Kodikal, patdeep, 17-45 K. Desai, G songs, 18-10 M.K. Datar, dilruba, 18-30 A Joshi, kh. vo. d., 19-00 K. Desai G songs, 19-10 Locals, 19-30 V. Kodikal, dhanashree, 19-45 For industrial workers, 20-30 R.G. Saraiya's G talk on census, 20-45 Radio Orch., 21-15 Ratnakant, dhmar, 21-30 London Phil. Orch., 21-45 M. Venkatrangayya, Current affairs review, 22-00 City of Birmingham Orch.

VARIATIONS: 08-00 M. K. Datar, dilruba, 08-45 Vinodini Dixit, M songs, 12-45 Tantrakari, 13-00 Mishra sangeet, 13-50 Rang bhumi, 17-45 G. S. Yellapurkar, K bhajans, 18-00 Air artist, abhang, 18-20 For villagers in M and at 18-50 in K, 19-20 Air artist bhavgeet. 19-30 Commercial news, 20-15 Hindi Lessons, M 20-30 D.B. Makashi's play, 'Radioche natak', 21-00 Vinodini Dixit, M songs, 21-30 Film songs, 21-45 A. Joshi, kh. v.d.

BARODA

250 m., 07-55 Prahtsmaran, 08-15 G geets, 08-30 H. H. Patel, sitar, 18-20 H. H. Patel, sitar. 18-30 For rural listeners, 19-00 Hindi lessons, 19-15 M. K. Kavi, kh. kedara, 19-30 For women, G, 20-00 Film songs, 20-10 Locals, 20-30 As in Bombay, 20-45 H Geets, 21-15 H. H. Patel, sitar, 21-30 As in Ahmedabad, 21-45 M. K. Kavi, malkauns.

AHMEDABAD

326-1 m., 08-55 Pratahsmaran, 08-15 Air artist, bansari, 08-30 Pachrang 18-20 As in Baroda. 18-30 R. Patel, cl. vocal, 18-45 Mirabai, 19-00 Hindi lessons, 19-15 As in Baroda, 19-30 For industrial workers, 20-00 Locals, 20-05 V. Akolkar, bhajans, 20-30 As in Bombay, 20-45 R. Patel, cl. vocal, 21-15 Yad, 21-30 A Munshi, "malini", 21-45 As in Baroda.

CITY INSTITUTION'S SECOND CENTENARY

Tributes To Chairman

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sir Jamshedji Jijeebhoy, Chairman, Managing Committee of the Sir J. J. P.B. Institution, Bombay, was presented with a silver salver and an address from the staff at the second Centenary function at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan today.

Replying to the address, Sir Jijeebhoy said that during the twenty years of his tenure of office, the Institution had made considerable progress. He hoped that the Girls' School which had risen from a primary school to a fullfledged secondary school will have a special building of its own before he laid down the reigns of office.

The address which was read out by Dr. Jal Wadia, the Principal of the Boys' High School, eulogised the services of Sir Jejeebhoy to the Institution and assured him of the staff's "spontaneous and willing co-operation as well as unflinching devotion and loyalty."

An interesting variety entertainment programme which was presented before Bombay's Governor Raja Maharaj Singh at the Bhavan last Thursday was repeated for the benefit of the parents of the boys and girls of the Institution on the occasion.

Temperature Will Fall In U. P.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA Nov. 21 (PTI): The following is the all India weather summary for Tuesday November 21, 1950.

The low pressure area over Lower Assam and Eastern Pakistan has filled up.

Weather has been dry over the country except for isolated showers in Assam and Tamilnad.

Night temperatures have fallen in the Punjab (India), Uttar Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh and Chota Nagpur. They were 4 degrees to 8 degrees F. below normal over the region extending from Rajasthan and Saurashtra to Deccan (desh), and West Madhya Pradesh

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 22ND:—Weather will be dry over the country except for a few light showers in the extreme south of the Peninsula.

Night temperatures will fall in Uttar Pradesh, East Madhya Pradesh and North-East India.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from October 1, 1950, and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 hours I.S.T. on Nov. 21, 1950.

Ambala 80 51 0 0 minus 1.1, Bangalore 79 57 0 14.2 plus 3.9 Baroda 89 48 0 0 minus 2.5, Bhavnagar 85 54 0 0 minus 1.1, Bhopal 80 — — — —, Bhuj 85 54 0 0 minus 0.4, BOMBAY 88 66 0 1.4 minus 1.6, Calcutta 82 68 0 15.8 plus 10.5, Cochin 85 76 0 18.5 minus 0.6, Cuttack 84 — — — —, Darjeeling 58 41 0 2.8 minus 3.2 Delhi 78 49 0 0 minus 0.5 Gwalior 79 51 0 0.1 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 83 56 0 2.1 minus 1.4, Indore 79 46 0 0.1 minus 1.6, Jaipur 78 44 0 0 minus 0.5, Jamnagar — 57 0 —, Kodaikanal 58 48 0 10.4 minus 6.9, Lahore 78 45 0 0 minus 0.3, Lucknow 82 — — — —, Madras 85 72 0 11.6 minus 10.5, Mussooree 61 44 0 0 minus 1.3, Mysore — 59 0 7.5 minus 0.5, Nagpur 85 55 0 0.5 minus 2.3 Ootacamund 20 40 0 11.7 minus 1.3, Pachmarhi 73 43 0 0.2 minus 2.6, Patiala 80 46 0 0 0 — —, Patna 83 52 0 0 minus 2.5, Poona 85 52 0 2.8 minus 1.6, Rajkot 85 51 0 0 minus 0.8, Ranchi 75 56 0 1.3 minus 2.3, Shillong 61 42 0 10.3 plus 2.2, Simla 57 43 0 0.3 minus 1.3, Trivandrum 86 75 0 10.6 minus 5.9, Udaipur 80 43 0 0 0 minus 0.7.

ALMELKAR'S ART SHOW TODAY

Interesting Exhibits

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The first one-man show of Almelkar, will be opened by Mr. W. Hartwell, in the Bombay Art Society's Salon, tomorrow at 6 p.m. The show, which is well worth a visit, will remain open till the 30th. of November.

True to Almelkar's tradition, the exhibition consists only of water colour work, which is however largely executed with an oil colour technique. The exhibits show the result of his untiring search for something new, particularly in texture effects. These he achieves in a number of unusual ways, such as pressing a towel on his picture while it is still moist, scratching it and putting his thumb impression on a glue-coated surface.

'Sisters', (10), a lovely little piece of finished sketchwork, shows two little girls painted with all the sweetness and simplicity that one expects from a child. The artist has chosen playthings as subjects for a number of pictures (ie. 'Toys' (32) and 'Still Life' (31)), making the thoughtful visitor think of the terrible sophistication of most painters, including primitivists'.

MOST APPEALING

'Muharram' (40), will probably appeal most to the causal visitor, because of its splendour of colour, composition and lighting effects, though there is nothing spectacular about the handling of the subject. It could almost be said that it is a reflection of the artist's full time commercial job with a firm of block makers.

Nos. (9), (Toilet) and (21) (Passing the River) may be, mentioned as being fairly interesting. His interpretation of Sir P. M. Road (at night) (24), suffers from an unbalanced distortion. A most interesting exhibit is the one that depicts the stages in the life of a woman, in four sequences.

The first shows her being handed over to her husband, with all her shyness, the second how she learns the rites of love and showers them on her husband, the third expecting the offspring, and the last how she finally finds equality with her spouse. The picture has a greenish background with a design of spermatazoon suggesting decorations.

The prices of the pictures are in reality much too reasonable, considering the real value of art, but that is unfortunately nothing unusual in this country — and many others. —GERART.

Satyagraha Before A I C C: Congressmen's Move

RAIPUR (Madhya Pradesh), Nov. 21 (H.S.): A batch of Congressmen of this District would proceed to Delhi in the near future, to launch a satyagraha in front of the office of the All-India Congress Committee. Shri Ram Sahay, on behalf of the AICC, it is learnt, had ordered the re-election of the eight seats of Raipur AICC. The local Congress workers have decided to resort to Satyagraha as the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee has disobeyed the commands of the AICC and flouted the request of the Raipur Congressmen.

CONSTRUCTIVE USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY

Dr. Bhabha Supports Ban On Using H-Bomb

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

SPEAKING on the "Mechanism of the Hydrogen Bomb" at the Rotary Club this afternoon, Dr. H. J. Bhabha, Director of the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research and Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission in India, stated that nuclear explosives were not necessarily negative in their effects, and could be used for constructive and fruitful channels.

He heartily endorsed the suggestion that the United States must declare that it would not use any Hydrogen Bombs in case of a next war, unless such bombs were first used on America. Using the Hydrogen Bomb first did not confer any immunity on a country from retaliation with the same weapon and destruction on both sides, would be terrible.

OLD THEORIES OVERTHROWN

In a highly technical talk, Mr. Bhabha said that many pet theories of the earlier days had now been overthrown by later discoveries in the field of physics. Since Einstein's researches, mass had come to be recognised as something that could be converted into energy, though from the practical point of view not all the mass could be so converted. The release of nuclear energy was accomplished by taking a simple neucleus and building it into a more complex one or vice versa. The atomic bomb was the fast fission of an atomic pile of uranium.

This release of a tremendous amount of energy was taking place in the centre of the sun, whose temperature was more than 17 million degrees. But by using heavy hydrogen—which did not exist in nature, but was capable of artificial creation—it was possible to create the necessary explosion at a temperature of about two million degrees. The temperature could be generated by exploding an atom bomb and the hydrogen bomb could be set off with the resultant heat.

The speaker hoped that atomic energy would be used for constructive purposes.

Mr. J. R. D. Tata, thanking the distinguished guest expressed the fear that human nature being what it was the first experiments of atomic energy would be for destructive purposes only.

BOMBAY REQUEST TURNED DOWN

Trains To Halt At Daman Station

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Indian Railway Board has turned down a request of the Government of Bombay not to halt two popular holiday trains at Daman Road Railway Station, near the Portuguese settlement of Daman, it was learnt here today.

The request was made, it was understood, "in the interest of effective enforcement of prohibition as a large number of people from Bombay State visit Daman for its liquor".

The trains are the "Flying Ranee" recently re-started by the B.B. and C.I. Railway and the Saurashtra Express. At present five of the ten trains on this line stop at Daman Road Station.

Daman, one of the three Portuguese possessions in India, lies about 70 miles north of Bombay on Bombay-Baroda line.

THE KHATAU MILLS, BYCULLA, BOMBAY. 27. Office: LAXMI BLDG., BALLARD PIER FORT, BOMBAY. Cloth Shop: MULJI JETHA MARKET, GOVIND CHOWK, BOMBAY 2.

SISTA'S RM.438-C

A|6

ALL INDIA GENERAL
INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.

LIFE FIRE
MARINE ACCIDENT

and
ALL OTHER CLASSES
of
INSURANCE TRANSACTED

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs.1,25,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL Rs.31,25,000
HEAD OFFICE:-FORT, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

WANTED A NEW APPROACH

Though the circumstances are not very pleasant, it is reassuring to learn that the Congress Parliamentary Party will meet to consider the food policy of the Government. It is rather flamboyant to say that it will have to choose between the policy and the Food Minister. Mr. K. M. Munshi has not given effect to any policy of his own, and there is no special reason why he should have an attachment to what he has only inherited from his predecessors. If the Congress Party decides, for example, to insist on ensuring an adequate ration to every adult and child in India rather than to concentrate on reaching self-sufficiency by a given date, then we fail to see why the Food Minister should feel that he has been overruled. Mr. Munshi and other members of the Indian Government have assured the public that no one will be left to starve. It is only a step forward from this to see that nobody will be forced to under-eat.

The controversy which has given occasion for a party meeting, however, is not the food policy of the Government but the question whether, where there is a feeling that something is grievously wrong in giving effect to the programme of procurement and distribution, there should be an inquiry. The Food Minister, if we might draw an inference from his refusal to institute an inquiry in one specific instance and his resentment at the Prime Minister's subsequent offer to look into the matter, regards it as entirely within his discretion to hold or refuse an inquiry. If the Congress Parliamentary Party is convened to consider the whole field of food, care should be taken to see that it is not side-tracked into voting confidence in the Food Minister. If it is asked only to form its opinion on the advisability of investigating charges of maladministration or worse, then it is easy to predict that the M. P.'s will certainly vote for investigation. Leaving this within the discretion of the Food Minister would be a denial of ministerial responsibility to Parliament which ill-becomes members of any parliament.

From 1943, the year of the Bengal famine, onwards, the country has been food-conscious to the extent of morbidity. Almost annually, there has been some commission or committee reporting on the foodgrains position and it might be said that among these experts there is general agreement that in order to put down black-marketing, to feed the people adequately and to ensure that the health of the citizen does not deteriorate it is essential to provide for 16 ounces of foodgrains for each adult's ration and 8 ounces for each child below 10 years of age. But it has also been the experience that the food administration in most States has been content with about 75 per cent of this minimum and that, whilst the experts speak in terms of cleaned grains, the rationing authority has other views on the subject which reduce the ration even more. Of all those who participated in the food debate in Parliament, only Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyangar attempted to persuade the Government to pay adequate attention to sufficiency in ration quotas. We are fortunate that Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Bombay's Civil Supplies Minister, has also emphasised the individual in his review of Bombay's food situation and indicated that he would not be a party to allowing the ration to fall below the present twelve ounces, if he could not raise it to the desired sixteen.

The tendency of the average publicist who discusses the food situation, is to fix his mind on the total foodgrains, to work out ingenious mathematical problems to reduce the overall deficit and conjure the stortage away. This is a fascinating occupation but it does not take the country very far. What is required is that M.P.'s who are presumably in touch with their constituencies, settle down to study the problem in their locality and apply themselves to discuss the all India picture from that angle. Instead of working confusedly among statistics, it will be well if we started working up from the individual to the nation. What the Congress Democratic Front is attempting on the election field through its voters' leagues, might be done on rationing question by very similar organisations throughout the country. It is an unfortunate fact that relations between the public and their representatives in India are today peculiarly unhealthy: There are periodic exhortations from our leading parliamentarians calling on the people to be austere and economical.

All this would be all right if the admonitions had effect, or could even have any effect on the food situation. But, in a social order where the men and women who can waste are beyond the reach of the hortatory voices, and those who hear are without the opportunity of indulging in waste, the only effect of these periodic appeals is to divert public attention from the issue of inadequate rations and to create a general feeling of frustration. We do not say that there is nothing wrong with the public. In the face of follies like obstructing procurement and helping locusts, this would be ridiculous. But it is about time that the public realized the responsibilities which their representatives owed to them, instead of abjectly submitting to harangues on all subjects from morals to economics. As one tier above the voters, the Congress Parliamentary Party may make a beginning when it meets to consider the food policy of the Government. The target of self-sufficiency at some future date, even it be March 1952, does not move people to any enthusiasm. Even Mr. Munshi's histrionic self-sufficiency or we go under rings untrue. For one thing, even the meanest mind sees so many obstacles in the way of achievement. For another, it is no consolation for present privations. In the very realistic language of Bolingbroke,

Oh! Who can hold a fire in his hand
By thinking on the frosty Caucasus?
Or cloy the hungry edge of appetite
By bare imagination of a feast?

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

MYSORE, November 20: Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, Minister for Law and Labour, who is also in charge of jails, was shocked when, during a visit to the Hunsur sub-jail, he was told by the convicts that they had been without bathing water and blankets for the last three years. The indents for the blankets, he was informed, had been placed three years ago.

The Minister asked the Deputy Commissioner, who was present: "Who is responsible for this? You must hang somebody for this intolerable red tapism".

* * *

Returning to Lucknow from a tour of the UP—Nepal border, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant appealed that all interests in Nepal should combine and form a strong popular Government in view of the political situation in Tibet.

The Ranas and now also Britain permitting.

* * *

Mr. L. S. Amery—you haven't forgotten the former Secretary of State for India, have you?—has advised that Britain should tell Egypt she intends to stay in the Suez Canal zone as long as the international situation demanded it.

Which, of course, is to be determined by that supreme international body "Britain".

* * *

Speaking in the U. N. General Assembly, Mr. Kenneth Younger on behalf of Britain charged that the Soviet Union, despite her protestations about Peking's exclusion, actually did not want Communist China to be represented in the U.N.

That's the stuff.

* * *

The French Cabinet, says a Paris report has decided to send more men, tanks, planes and ships to Indo-China.

Natural enough decision. But the whole crisis can be overcome by a far more easy and simple alternative plan: despatch to Indo-China the "French patriots" of Pondicherry and they will suppress all anti-French elements effectively and quickly.

* * *

According to the Albanian News Agency, Albania has protested to the U.N. against "three new acts of provocation committed by forces of the Greek Manorcho-Fascist Government against the territorial integrity of Albania."

Albania, in our considered opinion, had now better think twice before continuing with its fend with Greece. It may, for aught it knows, have to reckon with Malan's South Africa. Then where will Albania be?

* * *

Radio Teheran, it is reported, has discontinued relaying the Voice of America and B.B.C. Persian language broadcast in a move to better relations with Russia.

H'm. A—ahem.

* * *

A newspaper in Formosa reports that more than 3,000 youths in Russia and "other Soviet territories" had enlisted in a volunteer army for service in Korea.

Very interesting especially since it comes from Formosa.

* * *

Dr. T. F. Tsiang, head of the Chinese Nationalist delegation to U. N. is reported to have declared at Washington that India misunderstands China's Nationalists because she does not realise that they are "socialists".

We are overwhelmed and crushed.

Or did he mean Hitlerian National "Socialists"?

Perspective And Analysis

WHITHER PRABASEE BENGALEES?

By Sudhir Das Gupta

A number of useful suggestions for improving the economic and social side of the life of the Bengalee Community resident in Bombay and elsewhere is contained in a thesis entitled "Whither Prabasee Bengalees?", written by Mr. Sudhir Das Gupta.

The pamphlet was the result of a detailed survey made by Mr. Das Gupta into the condition of the Bengalees. The study was undertaken at a special request of the Bengal Club at Parel.

The pamphlet falls into two sections, the first being devoted to the present mode of life of the community. The section also details the many factors which militate against the improvement in the economic and social conditions of the members of the community.

Mr. Das Gupta starts his thesis with certain assumptions, both factual and ideological. He says: "The first assumption is that it is not possible today for any civilised community in the world, even for a nation, to be self-sufficient economically, culturally and socially, even politically, not to speak of the Bengalee community as such.

"The second assumption is that even inside the Indian Union the Bengalees of the Bengal State as such cannot become self-sufficient.

"The third assumption that logically follows from the first two is that it is all the more impossible for any community outside its own state to be self-sufficient, be it the Prabasee Bengalees or any other.

"The fourth assumption is that when a Prabasee community has to face and solve its problem, it has particularly to take cognisance of the fact that the securing of help and the soliciting of support from the people of a State in which it finds itself, is of permanent importance."

Making some critical observations of the community, Mr. Das Gupta says: —

"The Prabasee Bengalee is after all, a Prabasee and if he is to live successfully, he has to win the confidence, faith, love and support of the people amidst whom he lives. He cannot adopt any attitude of racial or cultural superiority or arrogance and yet live successfully. Indifference due to pretended superiority succeeds only in accentuating isolationism. I am compelled to observe this because to a great extent, the Bengalees have suffered in esteem in the eyes of other people of India and lost their love and regard during the last two decades or so because of such behaviour, or should I call it misbehaviour".

Mr. Das Gupta thereafter traces the historical background of this attitude which he says "has been grounded on an entirely false set of values."

He adds a note of warning: "It will be admitted that no community can survive, least of all vitally, if it loses itself in the woods. "Nazi Germany raised and created the problem of Sudetan Germans. Some of the Bengalees may think along similar lines. But we do not hear any more of the Sudetan Germans That is a very big lesson for the Prabasee Bengalees".

Mr. Das Gupta next refers to the "Kali-baries" and the "Durga-baries". These institutions cropped up when the pioneer group of settlers felt the need for an organisation around which, in its leisure hours, it could develop a sort of self sufficiency in its life. In the beginning, the Kali-baries became the hub of such activities as those associated with the performance of vedic rites connected with marriage, child births and deaths. They also served as the venue for regular soirees. A small family of priests would subsist on meagre earnings from performance of vedic acts.

Describing the present condition of these institutions, Mr. Das Gupta says; "But now these temples remain, except for the lone pujari, mostly deserted with hardly any appreciable attendance except on days of important religious festivals. No vitality is left in these worn out institutions. The local, provincial, national and other impacts have become so great that they do not serve the original purpose for which they were built.

SCHOOLS

(Next, the author of the thesis refers to the Bengali School),

"The second institution, the Bengali School raises the question whether the curriculum of studies and the people who teach and the aegis and auspices under which these institutions are managed and controlled, have ever given shape and form to what is actually the typical Bengali culture. Except that these schools generally impart education through the medium of Bengalee upto a certain standard and that the overwhelming number of students and teachers are Bengalees, there is nothing peculiarly Bengalee about them. The original idea prompting the sponsors of such institutions must have been the dire necessity felt by them to teach the progeny of the Prabasee community the mother tongue and the language and literature of the homeland. Mostly, these are just replicas of any other non-Bengali educational institutions in existence. As a rule the limits set by the administrative and political policy of any State narrow down any attempts at cultural self-sufficiency of a Prabasee community. The Education Department of a State cannot move in any other groove except that set by its own State and within this groove itself, the Prabasee Bengali Schools have to adjust themselves. For example, in the State of Bombay, the teaching of a regional language is compulsory from the third standard onwards in all schools If, in today's world, thousands of non-Bengalee schools of the type that the Prabasee Bengalees have built up, spread all over India, are found to have become effete and are being condemned rightly by the most constructive and progressive thinkers of the age as serving no useful purpose in building up a generation of useful citizens capable of discharging positive functions to our society, one wonders what purpose, the more duplicating of the existing type of educational institutions by the Bengalees will serve. "I have yet to see the curriculam of studies or the text books for use in these schools of the Prabasee Bengalees, arranged in such a way that the students when they pass out of the schools become any the better informed and proud of the heritage of their own culture language and civilisation based on the solid facts of superior knowledge The scales of pay for the teachers in such schools preclude the possibility of securing the services of the very best and highly qualified staffs".

"What then have the Prabasee Bengalees done to retain their own indigenous cultures for themselves, not to speak of diffusing the same among those that they came to live? The curriculum of studies which should include courses on Anthropology, archaeology and the cultural and face history of the Bengalees, is conspicuous by their absence. In these circumstances, it is not understood how the Prabasee Bengali Schools, modelled along the pattern of any other like institutions in existence today, can serve any purpose in meeting the basic as well as the growing needs of the Prabasee community as such, unless the fundamental ideas are changed?

LITERARY BODIES

The author next refers to literature and literary associations. He cites the case of the organisation known as the Prabasee Bangiya Sahitya Sammelan.

"For the last quarter of a century, this organisation has been holding its annual sessions at different places all over India, usually during the Xmas holidays, with much pomp and show, but the sum total of its achievements in the fields of creative literature is nil, although the ostensible object of this august body is to adopt ways and means by which the love of the Prabasee Bengalee community for its language literature could be effectively continued, developed and canalised into creative channels. The annual sessions of the Prabasee Bangeeya Sahitya Sammelan are, in effect, big tamashas with shamianas, lights and revelry that satisfy the ego of both men and women of the upper-ten, in exhibiting and flaunting their dress and jewellery. In many a case, the Bengalee who is supposed to be the most influential in the Prabasee community, due to his wealth, social status or the ability to provide jobs for others etc., is chosen as the Chairman of the Reception Committee of such Sammelans. Such a person so nominated or elected, may have as much knowledge and love for the Bengalee language and literature as we have for the language and literature of the Hottentots. Worse than this; for all, he may be a half educated boor. But he has the pull.

"Whereas such Sammelans may serve the purpose of releasing the energy of ego-maniacs and satisfying the gregarious instincts of the Prabasee Bengalees, they have not so far succeeded in drawing out the hidden talents. No tools and no media have been developed by which the spark in the young progressives may be aroused in an organised fashion. Neither is there any talent-hunting by literary scouts. Old fossils continue to dominate the scene and sell their tawdry and jejune wares which should have honourable places as exhibits only in museum lumber rooms?

"Why is it that in spite of its activities year in and year out, not one literary figure of any outstanding stature has been produced during all this time? The reason, again, as in other institutions of the Prabasee Bengalees, is not far to seek. There is no coherent plan to actualise the objects in practice and no connection with the vital currents in the country and outside.

"At times arguments are advanced that the Prabasee Bengalee community has produced such literary figures as Atulprasad Sen, Kedarnath Banerji and Anurupa Devi and in recent times, "Banaful". Such contentions do not hold water. Neither the Prabasee Bengalee community nor the Prabasee Bangeeya Sahitya Sammelan has produced them."

CLUBS

Mr. Das Gupta here refers to some of the literary figures like the Bhagalpur-Patna-Purnea group of authors and the Banaras-Lucknow-Allahabad group and others. Thereafter he takes up the Bengalee Club.

"The last of these institutions is the notorious club. Under its patronage either a library is established or dramas held and arrangements made for indoor and outdoor games. I have said notorious, advisedly, because more than any other institution, this seems to gratify most the political instinct of the Bengalees and approaches most closely to their indolent habits. No doubt every community everywhere establishes such clubs. But the most

(Continued on Page 5)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

'S. T." Luxury Bus

Before giving satisfactory service with the ordinary buses the State Transport Authorities have launched the so-called "luxury bus" service. The passengers who had the misfortune to travel by the first luxury bus were stranded near the Lingmala Water Falls in the scorching heat of the sun.

It may be significant to put on record the experience I had during my trip to Mahableshwar and back. I started on October 25 and the service available from Poona at 2-30 P.M. was delayed up to 4 P.M. A nominal notice stating that the bus will run "late" was all that was put up, mentioning no time, and the many passengers were put to considerable inconvenience and annoyance. Poona is one of the large Depots of the State Transport and there would have been many buses from which an alternative bus could have been made available at short notice. But the inefficient staff were unmindful of the passengers' inconvenience and all that they would say for the various queries put to them was "you will get a bus, now that you have reserved your seat."

The service scheduled to reach Mahableshwar at 6-30 reached the Hills past 8 P.M. The conductor 'on route' revealed that the bus that ought have been run, broke down and a substitute had to be arranged. Might one ask why it took the Authorities nearly two hours for arranging an alternate bus?

We left Mahableshwar on October 31 by a morning service leaving at 9 A.M. At Wai the bus broke down and for getting a bus from Panchgani (about 13 miles away from Wai) the staff took nearly three hours and we reached Poona at 2-40 P.M., missing the train leaving for Bombay at 2-30 P.M. It would be pertinent to inquire of the State Transport authorities why most of their services or buses "break down" every now and then. Are the buses unfit for performing the journeys up and down these hills? There appears to be something radically wrong.

Passengers are never afforded the bare comfort for the very high rate the State Transport is charging. Formerly, the private operated services charged Rs. 2-7-0 a trip: now the rate has gone up to Rs. 3-9-0. And we are asked, to "reserve" our tickets at a cost of annas four. But the pity is even after we reserve we do not get a proper seat and for a better seat you have to go to the bus stand at least an hour before. Surely, the numbering system can be introduced for the four annas reservation charge that we are charged.

Against the above background with the unsatisfactory service we get with the ordinary buses, the authorities are trying to run the "luxury service." The least that the State Transport can do will be to put the ordinary service in order and give us more and more buses to the charges we pay. I would suggest that the big wigs of the State Transport, should themselves perform an up and down journey to Mahabaleshwar and make a report.

—A. NARAYAN.

Kurla Under Bombay Municipality

High hopes were entertained that Kurla civic affairs may improve under the loyal vigilance of the Bombay Municipal Corporation and its officers. However, the citizens of Kurla are now dismayed to find that the civic affairs including sanitation and public health do not show any sign of improvement, but on the other hand the same are deteriorating. It could therefore be convincingly said that the conditions cannot improve unless the old officers of the then Kurla Municipal Borough are transferred to other Wards outside Kurla and replaced by such deligent, honest and tried officers now available to the Corporation.

—D. I. D'MELLO.

The Next Stage

We do not mind sharing the satisfaction which is reportedly being felt at Lake Success—except, of course, among supporters and sympathisers of White South Africa—over the outcome of the debate in the U. N. 60-member Political Committee on the Indo-South African issue. But it is difficult to go the length of agreeing that "the result of the week-long debate was unexpected, in that a proposal believed, in some respects, to be stronger than the Indian resolution was adopted by a two-thirds majority and in consequence the Indian resolution was withdrawn." The debate was a success in so far as among those who did summon sufficient sense of obligations actually to cast their votes—and what a galaxy of abstainers!—more than two-thirds came forward to support a resolution that was not in the general nature of a pro-South African compromise sponsored by Bolivia, Brazil, Denmark, Norway and Sweden. And even though it has passed the Political Committee, it has yet another hurdle to cross before it can become the final decision of the United Nations. It now goes to the General Assembly and although the Political Committee was the full General Assembly under another label, there is no knowing yet that a few supporters of the resolution will not, under persuasion and pressure, necessarily change their earlier minds.

Meanwhile, the operative parts of the resolution also do not lend themselves to complete satisfaction. For instance, the main issue that the Group Area Act and the undelying racial policy of South Africa go counter to the U. N. Charter and the Bill of Human Rights has not been faced positively and directly. But it must be recognised that the Committee does, even though hesitatingly and vaguely, hint at the Ghetto Act being repugnant to the Charter and Human Rights. Moreover, the fundamental objection of South Africa regarding U. N. competence has been rejected. This certainly is a great gain provided it leads the United Nations actively to concern itself with the obligation of enforcing the requirements of the Charter and the Bill of Human Rights. Which brings one to the machinery of implementation of the resolution provided for by the Committee. A Round Table Conference is ordered between the parties to be held before April 1951. It may or even may not materialise. In any case it is certain to fail. Failing agreement at the R.T.C. a commission of three members, is to be appointed to help the parties in securing agreement. The third member will have to be nominated by the Secretary-General because it may be safely assumed that the parties of their nominees will not agree on the third member. Whom will the Secretary-General nominate? Will he choose a known internationalist and humanist like Dr. Ralph Bunche? Even a more important and vitally practical question is: how long will this Commission be given to do its job or, as looks inevitable, report failure? And what will happen then? Even more immediately important is the question: What happens if South Africa refuses to suspend the Group Areas Act as desired by the resolution? A theoretical success has been admittedly gained but it has yet to be given practical shape and that is the main thing.

THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

No one is useless in this world who lightens the burden of it for anyone else.

—DICKENS.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Nepal's Way To Peace

The heroic attempt of the Nepal Congress to overthrow the medieval oligarchy of the Ranas by resort to arms has ended in failure. With the fall of Birganj, the seat of their ten-day old Provisional Government, all organised fighting will cease but it is likely that guerilla warfare will continue. The result was not unexpected because the sudden uprising of the Nepal Congress, without proper preparation for it, has not only been inadvisable but has taken even their friends by surprise. The incident has lessons for both sides. Now that the armed revolt has ended, India may be able to intervene to heal the wounds of civil war and help Nepal to stabilise conditions and secure peace. World events and happenings in Tibet particularly demand that Nepal should set its house in order. India's attitude has been correct and, even though the sympathies of her people were with the rebels, she has not done anything to make matters difficult for Nepal. That places her in a much stronger position. It must be remembered that the end of the revolt leaves the situation created by the King's arrival in India unchanged. He has not so far involved himself in the civil war. And he emerges from it all the stronger. In a country where feeling is strong against the established Government yet not powerful enough to overthrow it, the one man who has stood out of the strife may be able to tide over the aftermath. With the fighting ended, the Ranas would wise to end their quarrel with the King and to invite him to reassume the reins of the State in his hands with full freedom to effect broad constitutional reforms.

Needless Haste

The British Cabinet's anxiety under Mr. Bevin's pressure to take a definite attitude on the Nepal conflict is surprising. On all foreign policy questions, it is desirable that all the Commonwealth nations should follow a common line. In Tibet, Britain has generally agreed with India and the recognition of Red China has been agreed on too. There is no reason why on Nepal there should be so much precipitancy on Britain's part. Culturally, economically and politically, Nepal has the closest ties with India. It is, therefore, desirable that the Indian Government should give the lead and that she should be supported by the other members of the Commonwealth. If by any chance India takes a different line, it will be difficult for Britain to implement her policy. The British initiative can only be interpreted as a move to force India to adopt a particular attitude. Considering that New Delhi, where the King of Nepal has taken refuge, is more informed than London, the British reaction is unfortunate.

Congress Membership

The proposal to reintroduce paid membership for the Congress is a step in the right direction. It is essential that a political party should charge a membership fee because organisational work requires some kind of discipline. It should follow, however, that any individual who accepts its policy and is admitted to membership of the Congress, should be able without any further demands on him to aspire to any position in the party. In order to enforce the other qualifications for membership as well as to keep the party open to all in the country, the fee has been fixed at a rupee. It would be well if the frantic efforts to build a large membership are given up and attempts directed towards improving the quality of the members. Congressmen ought to stand for certain things which are essential for the healthy progress of the country—like national solidarity and good citizenship. If these are secured, it may even be desirable to drop the three-tier membership that has been in vogue for some time.

Realisation At Last

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Commissioner-General for South-East Asia can justifiably be regarded as a success in one important, in fact, fundamental, respect. He has understood the political psychology which determines to the situation in Asia. And he has given positive expression to it too. In a recorded interview on the Commonwealth Economic Aid Plan for South East Asia, as broadcast from London, Mr. MacDonald said: The feeling of Nationalism is so strong in Asian countries that it cuts across all ideological or economic factors and colours all dealings between Asia and the West, In fact, he frankly admitted and emphasised that "Asian Nationalism, quite rightly, demands the end of imperialism and Western domination in the East". If this fact is recognised and appreciated and the West acts in terms of response to its logical demand the situation in South East Asia can turn in favour of Democracy. But it implies the necessity of a genuine and full effort in the part of the West to remove Asian suspicins in convincing acts of self-denial.

OF ALL THINGS

Euclid And The Snark

Men have a queer way of working all day at serious things and then letting themselves go when their toil is over, getting a vast sense of exhilaration doing something quite absurdly impossible. The average man is two separate and distinct beings; the one he is and the one he wishes he were. His second self takes the stage in his dreams, where all kinds of imaginary windmills are tilted at, and fearsome dragons of every sort are vanquished.

The first rays of the sun put all these children of the mind to flight, and the golden coach of the still hours once more turns into the inglorious pumpkin. But some men, more gifted than the rest, are able to live both these lives while wide awake. The most remarkable of them all was a man called Charles Lutwidge Dodgson.

Never heard of him? Not surprising, for he was the writer of most abstruse mathematical treatises. Like "An Elementary Treatise on Determinants" and "Euclid, Book V, Proved Algebrically". But this learned man, aloof, cold and forbidding in the classroom, and stuffy and pedantic with his colleagues, was a child at heart. He loved to amble along the quiet lanes of the lovely English countryside and conjure up the world of dreams for the benefit of young friends.

So Dodgson changed into Lewis Carroll when the witching mood was on him, and wrote down "Alice in Wonderland". Children the world over were delighted. Never had anyone so completely understood the mind of the youngster, with all his dreams and his yearnings, his hopes and his imagined fears. He wrote "Through The Looking Glass" and "The Hunting of The Snark". The fame of Lewis Carroll continued to grow. Men were in danger of forgetting Dodgson.

And Dodgson did not like it. He sternly objected whenever anyone praised him for the "Alice" books. In fact he came out with a dignified denunciation of this unwelcome trend, couched in measured Victorian prose: "Mr. Dodgson neither claims nor acknowledges any connexion with books not published under his name.

He achieved some success as a mathematician. He was an extremely erudite person altogether. But generations unborn ignored the scientist and fell in love with the dreamer. Many men yearn for greatness. This man had greatness thrust upon him.

Manchurian Border Town Captured

NORTH KOREAN SUPPLY LINES CRIPPLED

TOKYO, November 21, (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED States troops, racing through the snows of a six thousand-foot mountain range, entered the town of Hyesanjin on the Manchurian border today, isolating powerful Communist forces in the north-eastern corner of Korea.

The American Seventh Division —first United Nations troops to reach the fontier—drove about unopposed into the Yalu River, town just east of longitude 128.

Some twenty miles behind them they had left Kapasani, key junction, 75 miles in from the east coast a heap of smouldering ruins.

Close on their left, American Marines were also advancing towards the frontier after destroying a large Communist force south of the Chosin reservoir.

On the east coast, where resistance has been most stubborn since the Communists broke contact in the north-west ten days ago, Americans and South Koreans were pushing the Communists back towards Chuchon-Hujang, less than 30 air miles from the vital port of Chongjin.

During the month since the Tenth Corps began landing at Wonsan, 150-mile due south of Hyesanjin, it has liberated 23,000 square miles of the Korean territory.

ADVANCE CONTINUES

United Nations troops in the north-west continued to move forward cautiously against what appeared to be a 50-mile Communist defence line running from Taechon, north of Pakchon, through Unsan to Huichon.

General MacArthur's spokesman thought this was not a continuous line but would be held by the Communists on the mountains and hills running up towards the Yalu River and their headquarters at Sinuiju. Chinese troops were believed to be holding Huichon itself and the Onjong area, north of Unsan.

The United Nations were carefully moving their whole line forward, not fighting isolated thrusts, to avoid traps and preventing spearheads being hauled.

Australian patrols, ranging eight miles into No Man's Land, north of Pakchon, and probing the last 40 miles of the Communist "corridor" were the nearest to the Manchurian border in the western sector.

HEAVY BOMBING

United States Sixth Air Force planes "severely crippled" the Communist rail supply system in north during the past 24 hours, General MacArthur's Headquarters announced today.

More than two hundred sorties were made against Communist centres in north-west with trains and arms dumps as the main targets.

The attacks were concentrated on the Huichon, Unsan, Chonju, and Taechon areas in the north-east.

An ammunition dump south of Unsan was set on fire.

South Africans went into action in Korea for the first time on Sunday, when pilots of the Second Squadron of the South African Air Force flew Mustang fighters in close support attacks along the battle line. It was officially announced here today.

South African pilots also took part in yesterday's full-scale air offensive mounted by Fifth Air Force tactical units.

Tele-Communications Conference

LONDON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).

The urgent need of direct tele-communication links between India and countries in the South and South-east Asia was urged by India at the recent Commonwealth Tele-communications Conference, it was learnt here today from a well informed source.

Self-Sufficiency In Jute Too

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (PTI).—Mr. K. L. Panjabi, Central Agriculture Secretary said today India had planned to achieve self-sufficiency by March 1952, not only in food and cotton but over 60 per cent in jute.

Stop Press

THOUSANDS HOMELESS

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Thousands were homeless as raging floods swept through California and Nevada towns today, causing millions of dollars of damage. At least nine people were known to have been killed.

U.S. SUPPORT

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. John Foster Dulles (United States) supported in general Dr. Tsiang's proposed resolution in U.N. Political Committee "that we try to get full story of what took place between the Soviet Union and the Republic of China during the period since 1945."

BILLY SUTCLIFFE TO JOIN COMMONWEALTH TEAM

LONDON, Nov. 21.

Billy Sutcliffe, Yorkshire amateur and son of the famous English cricketer Hebert Sutcliffe, has accepted a cabled offer to join the Commonwealth cricketers in India.

LABOUR DEFEAT

LONDON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Britain's Labour Government was defeated tonight by 65 votes to 32 in the House of Lerds where the Conservatives have a big majority. The defeat does not affect the Government's position as it was on a private bill regarding nationalised transport system.

U.S. Faces Rubber Famine

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): The United States is faced with the danger of a rubber famine, a Senate sub-committee said in a report published today.

The sub-committee, working under the Senate Armed Services Preparedness Committee, criticised Government officials for closing down rubber production plants in the United States as surplus.

The Committee said the United States was being "gauged unmercifully" in buying natural rubber from friendly countries.

It urged both Government and industry "while there is still time" to make every effort to buy more natural rubber from Asia, and to continue research into rubber production in the western hemisphere.

The sub-committee said rubber prices had more than quardupled since October 1949.

MISCONCEPTION ABOUT ASIA CLEARED

LONDON, Nov. 21. (PTI-Reuter): Dr. Victor Purcell, consultant to the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East, said today either "we write off Asia as unimportant, unrealistic, and hopeless or we take new stock of our position in the light of Asian prejudices".

In a letter to the London "Times" today on nationalism in South-East Asia, Dr. Purcell, who was a British delegate to the recent Pacific Conference at Lucknow, observed that India and Pakistan refused to regard the present trial of force as merely a contest between great power blocs, one headed by America and the other by the U. S. S. R., with which their only concern was as potential sufferers in the event of a collision between the two.

They were unwilling therefore, that their countries should be committed to any alliance or military understanding, least of all in return for financial aid.

Claims Commissioners

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (UPI): The Government of India have appointed three Claims Commissioner and propose to appoint some more to organise claims officers and control and supervise their work in regard to the verification of claims registered by displaced persons in connection with immovable property, left by them in Pakistan. Shri Jugar Kishore Khanna and Shri I.M. Lall, I.C.S., two of the Claims Commissioners who have been appointed will have their headquarters in Delhi.

Ration Officers Suspended: Negligence Of Duty

POONA, Nov. 21 (H.S.): Shri S.S. Kiwalkar and Shri Kulkarni, the Assistant Rationing Officer and the Rationing Inspector of the Western Ward, respectively, are suspended on the alleged charge of negligence of duty that aided misappropriation of bread-coupons worth 15,000 lbs.

An unknown person had seized with forged signatures, all the bread-coupons from the rationshop of Shastrabuddhe and Co. situated in Sadashiv Peth, six months ago, it is stated. It is alleged that the negligence of the above rationing authorities has caused this misappropriation. Further investigation is being caried on in the matter.

Andhra Issue In Madras Assembly

MADRAS, Nov. 21 (UPI): A non-official motion recommending to the Madras Government to request the Government of India to take all necessary steps for the formation of a separate Andhra state as early as possible has been admitted by the Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly, and will be taken up for consideration during the next session of the Assembly.

The resolution will be moved by Mr. A. Kaleswara Roa, M. L. A. from Andhra.

Pak Constituent Assembly

KARACHI, Nov. 21. (PTI): The Pakistan Constituent Assembly decided today to postpone, at least for 10 weeks, consideration of the "controversial" interim report of the Basic Principles Committee.

The interim report was first presented to the Assembly on September 28. Its consideration was postponed to the present session to enable the members to study its recommendations.

An unofficial goodwill delegation of Punjab traders have left Lahore for India to meet Indian traders and commercial associations to assist in the establishment of the proposed Indo-Pakistan Joint Trade Board.

U.N. ENDORSES LIE PLAN

Younger Says Russia Is Keeping China Out

FLUSHING MEADOW, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): The U.N. General Assembly yesterday endorsed Mr. Trgyve Lie's twenty-year plan for achieving peace through the United Nations. The vote was 51 to 5, Nationalist China abstaining and Soviet bloc against.

The Russian substitute plan with emphasis on Communist China's representation was defeated.

Earlier, Britain accused Russia of deliberately manoeuvring to keep the Chinese Communists out of the United Nations. It suits her, he said, to have the Peoples Government excluded from the discussions. Mr. Younger alleged that this was Russia's main reason for raising the issue of the representation of the Peoples Government in the form in which it was less likely to be accepted by a majority of the member governments.

Sir M. Zafrula Khan said that of the ten points upon which urgent action was needed, particular attention should be paid to the advancement of colonial and semi-colonial peoples to a place of equality in the world.

Before the voting, M. Jacob Malik (Russia) repeated the Soviet contention that Mr. Lie's plan had been agreed upon in advance by the United States State Department.

U.N. Study Of Land Tenure Systems

'GO AHEAD' SIGNAL IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

FLUSHING MEADOW, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): The General Assembly unanimously gave the "go ahead" signal yesterday for a full United Nations study of land tenure systems, designed to pave the way for land reforms in under-developed areas.

The full membership of the United Nations gave approval to a resolution calling on the Economic and Social Council to study and report on concrete measures necessary for "appropriate land reforms" in economically backward countries.

With East and West voting together, the 60-nation Assembly also approved an examination of taxation policies of under-developed countries, with a view to "lightening to the greatest possible extent, the tax burden on tenants and small and medium sized farmers."

The Council was asked to make recommendations to act as a basis for Government action in promoting manufacture of agricultural tools and equipment by under-developed nations themselves.

The resolution also stipulated that special attention should be focussed on methods by which Governments could financially help farmers, through such means as agricultural credit, increased technical aid and encouragement of rural co-operatives.

In a series of unanimous decisions, the Assembly called on all member Governments to submit any proposals on better methods of financing economic development of under-developed countries.

New Guinea: Peaceful Settlement Soon

DJAKARTA, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter). —Mr. Mohammed Yamin, spokesman of an Indonesian Parliamentary Mission to the Netherlands, declared on his return here today that he was "convinced the Netherlands will soon transfer sovereignty over New Guinea."

The Mission, he said, had "satisfactorily completed" its task of explaining to the Dutch Indonesia's standpoint on New Guinea.

"I am very optimistic about the peaceful settlement of the question", he added.

(Western New Guinea is administered by the Netherlands, Eastern New Guinea by Australia).

News Briefs

EXAGGERATED: Madras Food Minister Roche Victoria, told the State Assembly Tuesday that some of the newspapers had been publishing exaggerated reports regarding food scarcity in the State, but Government had found them to be incorrect after verification.

DONATION: The Egypt Government has contributed Rs. 30,000 for the victims of the Punjab floods.

PRICE OF RICE FALLS: The price of rice has registered a further fall in Tippera where it is selling at Rs. 12 to Rs. 13 per maund. It is expected that the price will fall still further with the appearance of the new 'aman' rice in the market.

STUDENTS' SHARE: College students in Rajasthan will henceforward have a hand making recommendations to their principals and through the principals to the Government in all matters concerning directly or indirectly their welfare, mental, moral and physical.

BLACK MARKET: Two proprietors of a rolling mill and stockists of iron and steel were arrested here today and detained under the Preventive Detention Act 1950 for alleged blackmarketing in iron and steel.

BAMBOO-CHARKAS: The All-India Khadi Implements Conference, which concluded its three-day session at Madura, recommended that bamboo-charkas should be made and used in homes and institutions in view of the exorbitant cost of charkas bought from workshops.

LEVEL UP.—The water level in the Brahmaputra recorded a rise by about two feet during November 20 and 21. There has, however, been no further erosion of the bank since the last flood.

BENGAL DPs.—One thousand and one hundred displaced persons from East Bengal will start for Madras on November 23, by a special train. They have, it is learnt, secured employment in M. and S. M. Railway and S.I.R. through employment exchange.

NEW TOWNSHIP: The Rehabilitation Ministry of the Government of India has sanctioned the development of a new township in Uttar Pradesh for 10,000 displaced persons.

DUTY REMOVED.—The Government of Madhya Bharat has directed all the Municipalities in the State not to levy octroi duty on handspun yarn and handloom cloth.

JAYAPRAKASH MEETS KRIPALANI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (UPI): The Socialist leader Shri Jayaprakash Narayan today met the President of the Congress Democratic Front, Acharya J. B. Kripalani in New Delhi.

They discussed, for over an hour, how the newly formed Congress Democratic Front and the Socialist Party could co-operate in fighting some of the social evils like black-maketi ng and corruption in public life, it is understood.

Socialists To Meet In Nagpur

NAGPUR Nov. 21 (PTI): A three-day meeting of the National Executive of the Socialist Party of India and secretaries of provincial branches and Parliamentary Committees will begin here tomorrow.

Storm Claims A Ship

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).—Storms round Sweden's coasts delayed shipping today and claimed one victim, the 1,650 ton Norwegian steamer "Kul."

She was carrying iron ore in her holds and a deck cargo of timber.

The captain and 16 of the crew were taken off safely by a Swedish life-boat.

WHITHER PRABASEE BENGALEES?

(Continued from page 4)

important thing to consider is whether before satisfying the other pressing needs of the Prabasee Bengalee community, its meagre funds should be spent mostly on such clubs."

"So far as sports or games are concerned, I see little point in having a separate club of the Prabasee Bengalees for themselves and for that matter for any particular community, as the games or sports that are played under the auspices of such clubs are nothing peculiarly Bengalee. There is hardly any justification for duplicating expenses on activities which could profitably be performed in co-operation or under the aegis of other institutions."

"Prabasee Bengalees who may take advantage of the facilities offered for sports and games in clubs other than the specific Prabasee Bengalee Club, are sure to develop into better citizens as nationals of a free country. The rubbing of shoulders with a Maharashtrian or Gujerati on the playfield or the track, in healthy competition, whether in a team or singly, will go a long way towards taking the edge off any communal feelings which are otherwise likely to be generated if the clubs were not a mixed complexion in composition.

LIBRARY

"Under the aegis of the Bengalee Club, the most useful and indispensable organisation is that of the library. Unfortunately, such a library is not organised along modern lines. There is much scope for improvement both in the quality and stock of books as well as in the method of organisation of the library. There should be well-organised study circles as well as arrangements for lectures where the local members could meet and hear itinerant authors and thinkers, artists and scientists from Bengal and other States."

(Mr. Das Gupta next refers to the Durga Puja festivals).

"Usually, during the Durga Puja festivals, the Bengalee Club has also been patronising so far the staging of dramas, mostly the ones depicting the past glory of the Muslim or Hindu empires or the coming in of the British which are all far removed from the current realities. At times attempts are made to stage the most recent ones performed in the Calcutta theatres but hardly with any success. Although this state of affairs could be understood to have existed in the years gone by, particularly in the pioneering days, and even during the pre-war days of the first world war, now certainly there is no excuse or justification for allowing the situation to drift in this way for ever. Modern means of communication have vast possibilities of improving the present position and with the help of a liaison body, the Prabasee Bengalee community could certainly be linked up with its mother state, enabling the former to remain active and alive with the latest currents of drama and stage craft developments in the latter. A similar scheme could be worked out effectively in regard to the latest developments in music, painting, dancing and other fine arts in Bengal.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

MOUNTAINEERS BACK HERE

Five Himalayan Passes Scaled

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Eight Indian Moutaineers, who scaled five mountain passes in the Himalayas this year, have returned to Bombay after a 57-day trek.

Headed by Mr. Russi P. Ghandhy, Secretary of the Hikers Club of India, the expedition, third of its kind organised by the Club, crossed the five passes of Rohtang, Bara Lacha Long Lacha, Lacha Lung and Taza Lung and scaled the three ranges of the Zanskar, the great Himalayan range, and Pir Pinjan, 17,000 feet high. The expedition trekked 253 miles in 32 days, and went along the cease-fire line in Kashmir and Ladakh.

Mr. Ghandhy told the Press Trust of India today that the mountaineers experienced great hardships while trekking over 17,000 feet. Two of them were attacked by frostbite and chest trouble and they were brought to a lower altitude for treatment.

The expedition collected geological data and corrected the maps of the Survey of India of 1912, because of changes in courses and occurrances of landslides at certain places, Mr. Ghandhy said.

A number of archaeological specimens such as "mani" stones, old carvings and old paintings from deserted caves were also collected in the course of their trek, he added.

After the conclusion of their survey in the ranges, the expedition reached Kashmir from Leh by plane, where they met Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru. In Delhi, Mr. Ghandhy submitted a tentative report of the expedition to the Defence Ministry.

The Hikers' Club of India had sent two similar expeditions in 1946 and 1948 to Pindari glaciers and Sikkim Himalayas, respectively.

Coal Mine Safety Act To Be Amended

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

It is proposed to introduce during the current session of Parliament a Bill to Amend the Coal Mines Safety (Stewing) Act, 1939, with a view to enhancing the maximum rate permissible under the Act to thrice the present maximum rate, namely, annas nine per ton for coal and soft coke and annas 13 and six pies per ton for hard coke.

These maximum rates will not be brought into force immediately. The actual rates to be levied will be double the existing rates as soon as the act is amended, namely, six and nine annas, respectively.

The income of the Board on this basis will be double the present income, namely, 86 lakhs and odd. It is apprehended that even this may not leave much margin for bigger schemes. It is felt that reasonable income of the Board should be about one crore of rupees a year.

CAUSE OF COMMUNAL STRIFE IN INDIA

U. S. Research Worker's Analysis

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, Nov. 21.

Dr. Richard D. Lambert who has just completed a year's research into the causes of tension and communal strife in India and who is returning to America speaking at the Indian Institute of culture on "Why Men Hate" said the route cause was the feeling of insecurity following upon changes in social status some classes raising and others falling. Those seeking to keep their place put the blame not on themselves but on some other group whom they think they are responsible. Dhen society levels were fairly constant the religious differences very rarely gave rise to clashes but when the impact of new modes and methods from the West had shattered the old economy, then the problem became accute. The Hindus responded to the new order more quickly and got the intellectual lead and best places hence the Hindu Muslim tension became more acute than ever.

KING'S COLOURS TO BE LAID UP

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21. (PTI): The King's Colours, which have gone out of use in the Indian armed forces since January 26, 1950, will be laid up at the National Defence Academy, Dehra Dun, on November 23 at a two-hour picturesque military ceremony, it is learned.

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, the Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, and other high ranking military officers and dignitaries are expected to be present at the function.

Inter-Community Marriage At Bhavani Peth

POONA, Nov. 21 (H. S.): A Congress worker of Bhavani Peth, Shri. Kanaiyalal Tiwari recently married a young Muslim girl. Prominent Congressmen of the City and the friends and relatives of the bride and bridegroom attended the wedding ceremony that took place in the Aga Khan Palace in the vicinity of 'Kasturba's Samadhi'.

Ceylon Move Welcomed

COLOMBO, Nov. 21 (PTI).—Prime Minister Mr. D. S. Senanayake's willingness to meet the Ceylon Indian Congress representatives to resolve the various problems confronting the Indian nationals in Ceylon has been welcomed by official and non-official Indian circles here.

RED REGIME IN CHINA DISINTEGRATING

Nationalist Delegate's View In U. N. Committee

LAKE, SUCCESS, November 21, (PTI-Reuter).

THE Chinese Nationalist delegate told the United Nations Assembly's Political Committee today that China's Communist Government was "in the process of internal disintegration."

Dr. T. F. Tsiang declared that the Chinese people under the Communists were "now starving and dying, and millions more will die this winter."

Resistance forces opposing the Peking regime had "increased phenomenally", he said.

"Before September 1949 there were only some 394,000 men operating against the Mao regime. In the period between September and December last year, the number increased to 824,000.

"During the first half of 1950 they multiplied by more than one hundred per cent or to a total of 1,667,000 men.

STARVATION

Dr. Tsiang said the situation in Communist-controlled China was today not even one of human rights and freedom, but of "starvation and death."

His speech was made in connection with charges by Marshal Chiang Kai-shek's Government of Soviet aggression against the territorial integrity of China.

These charges, first aired last year, have since been before the United Nations Interim Committee ("Little Assembly").

Dr. Tsiang alleged that while the Peking regime was refusing to permit outside help to the Chinese, plane-loads of foodgrains were speeding across Manchuria into Siberia in fulfilment of the so-called Sino-Soviet agreement, which call for the exchange of Chinese grains for Soviet arms."

Among offers of help which Dr. Tsiang claimed the Peking Government had refused was one by Chiang Kai-shek.

TSIANG'S PROPOSAL

Dr. Tsiang proposed a draft resolution calling for the appointment of a United Nations Commission of inquiry to gather information and facts concerning "Soviet aggression in China."

He said he would ask the Commission to report to the General Assembly's next session.

"This arrangement will give the Commission almost a full year to conduct a study of this important subject", he said.

"We are confident that once information and facts are gathered and analysed, the next session of the United Nations General Assembly could take all appropriate action which the findings of the Commission may require."

Dr. Tsiang declared that Chinese Communists in Szechuan and Sikang provinces were "recently ordered by their Soviet masters to march into Tibet."

But Dr. Tsiang added: "The sending of an army by the puppet regime of Peking into Tibet is as shocking to the Chinese people as it is to the peace-loving peoples in other parts of the world. It cannot be justified on any ground of Chinese interest.

Dr. Tsiang devoted the main part of his ninety-minute speech to listing alleged Soviet intervention in China, in justification of his charge that Russia had broken the Treaty of Friendship and Alliance with China, and thereby violated the United Nations Charter.

He said that since the Communists overran a substantial part of China, many Soviet military economic, technical, cultural and political workers descended on the country.

AHMEDABAD CLOTH DISCOUNT DISPUTE

Dealers And Millowners Hold Talks

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 21.

Important negotiations for an amicable settlement are proceeding between the Millowners Association and the Maskati Pachukuva and other cloth merchants associations regarding the half per cent discount, it is learnt reliably.

It may be recalled that the dispute arose between the parties regarding the question of half per cent diseount given to cloth dealers by the mills since more than one month.

It is further learnt that Seth Kasturbhai and other prominent persons intervened in the matter. Seth Kasturbhai is likely to be appointed as the surpunch and Messrs. Bhogilal Sutaria and Punjabhai Dipchand are likely to be appointed as arbitrators on behalf of the Mahajans.

Sardar Patel during his recent visit had advised both the parties to come to an amicable settlement.

DISCREPANCIES IN VOTERS' LIST

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Nov .21.

"Several names of the public of Kalyan have been ommitted from the voters' lists. There are many spelling mistakes, and the names of people who reside in one ward, are shown in some other ward. As far as the Kalyan voters lists are concerned it is a mess, said Mr. V. V. Subba Rao, Secretary, Kalyan City Congress Committee in an interview.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.

Previous closing	.....	43.43
Today's opening	.....	43.30
Difference	.....	—13
Today's closing	.....	43.04
Difference	.....	—39

MORE SPLITS IN CONGRESS

Another Party Soon In Bengal

(From Our Correspondent)

CALCUTTA Nov 21.

Calcutta has been passing through severe cyclonic weather conditions and the whole of Saturday last and Friday it rained incessantly and the rain was accompanied by strong gales. This rain is definitely harmful to the crops and with a crisis in the food position this is very disquieting. But the rain will be advantageous to the health of the city which has already been affected by an outbreak of small-pox which has been declared by Health authorities as an epidemic.

The greatest event of the week had been the split in the Congress camp and the position is likely to be more complicated.

Another group of Dr. Protap Chandra Guha Roy, Mr. Arun Chandra Guha and Mr. Bimal Ghosh are contemplating to start an organisation in opposition to the Official Congress group and this is likely to be fraught with serious consequences so far as the Congress is concerned.

It is felt by a large section of the people that the popularity of the Congress is declining and in view of the ensuing general elections all sorts of tactics are being adopted. This might leave the coast clear for the Hindu Mahasabha. This position however is watched by Mahomedans both of India and Pakistan with misgivings. They have found in the Congress a good friend and would not welcome any other party in power.

ANDAMAN ISLANDS

An interesting movement is gradually gaining ground for the rehabilitation of the East Bengal Refugees. This is in regard to Andamans. The island has a salubrious climate and is full of possibilities from the commercial point of view. A new name 'Subash Dwip' (Island of Subash Bose) has been suggested for the island and a Co-operative Society has been formed in Calcutta for developing the island.

The idea is to make the island a colony and attract better class of people as settlers. Dr. Profulla Chandra Ghosh who was there a few days back has expressed his opinion in favour of the island and already a big fishery scheme has been taken in hand. It would be interesting to point out that a monthly paper under the caption 'The New Bengal' has already been started to popularise the scheme of rehabilitation.

The Government of West Bengal are showing signs of activity for the development of the industries of the province and they have already started a small committee of investigation with a view to finding out the possibilities. This committee has been asked to submit its recommendations by February 1951.

No Permit System To Go To Manipur

IMPHAL, Nov. 21, (UPI): It is learnt that the 50-year-old permit system for coming in and going out of Manipur by non-Manipuris has been withdrawn with effect from today.

This permit system was introduced here with the annexation of Manipur by the British and had been in force till yesterday when all non-Manipuris were required to take a permit from the state authority. Under the system no non-Manipuri was allowed to stay here for more than seven days under a temporary permit and one year under a permanent permit.

Scandinavian Postal Delegation

CALCUTTA, Nov. 21 (PTI): The Scandinavian postal delegation consisting of the postal chiefs of Norway, Sweden, Iceland, Finland and Denmark, arrived here yesterday from Delhi. They are on a visit to India to study the postal conditions and the working of the night air mail system. The delegation will leave for Bangkok tomorrow morning.

LOCUSTS DAMAGE RAJASTHAN CROPS

JAIPUR, Nov. 21 (PTI).—Locust swarms have damaged standing crops in half a dozen tehsils in Rajasthan. In Jodhpur tehsil 40 per cent of the crops has been damaged.

Fighting Locusts In Banaskantha

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 21.

The Government of India have declared Banaskantha district as locusts breeding area and have taken over the areas to combat the growth of the pests. One locusts officer, two anti-locusts warring officers of the Government of India have already left for the district with dusting machines motor jeeps and other various insecticides.

The jet comet service of the BOAC which would bring London within 18 hours reach of Karachi is expected to be opened on the U.K.-Pakistan-India and Australia run by September 1951.

Mantri's Remarkable 'Keeping: Catches Five Of Eight Batsmen Out

PHADKAR AND RAMCHAND IN FORM: VISITORS SCORE 296 FOR 8

(BY OUR CRICKET CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE "castaway" of the Indian selectors, Bombay's leading wicket-keeper Madhav Mantri, by his spectacular catches and otherwise good work behind the "sticks" put to nought the false impressions of these selectors and some others have harboured regarding his ability as a 'keeper, when today, on the opening day of the Bombay Cricket Association's three-day match against the Commonwealth Touring side at the Brabourne Stadium, he accounted for no less than five of the eight visiting batsmen dismissed during the course of the day. Helping both Phadkar and Ramchand, Mantri enabled the home team to end the first day's play most satisfactorily.

Considering the youthful side that Phadkar has at his disposal, claiming eight wickets for only 296 runs was indeed a most creditable performance, specially when the fact is taken into consideration that most of the home team players are drawn from the ranks of collegians and hence inexperienced.

The Indian speed-merchant in two deadly spells captured four wickets for 55 runs. He was ably assisted in his task by the steady bowling of Ramchand, who captured three wickets.

But for the heroic batting of Frank Worrell, who was unlucky to miss his century by only 19 runs, Leslie Ames (26) and Ikin (55), the Commonwealth team would most certainly have fared much worse than they did.

DETAILS OF FIRST DAY'S PLAY..

The Commonwealth captain Leslie Ames beat Phadkar to the toss and elected to bat on as a perfect pitch as the Brabourne Stadium could boast of. Phadkar, India's speed merchant opened the bowling from the Churchgate end to Harold Gimblett the Somerset opening batsman who came out to open the visitors' batting with George Emmett of Gloucestershire. Emmett, on his previous appearance at the same venue early last month had the distinction of scoring the first century of the present tour.

Mowdawala, who recently returned after a course of coaching at Alf Gover's Cricket School in Surrey, was entrusted with the new ball from the Club end.

First ten minutes of play produced only four runs. Emmet on-drove Phadkar in the latter's fifth over and ran four to send his side's first ten runs on the board. The innings had been twenty minutes old by then. Immediately afterwards Emmett straight-drove Mowdawala for four. Harold Gimblett, also emulated his partner and reached his double figures with a pull to the leg boundary off the local skipper. The Somerset batsman, who is one of the prolific hitters of the present touring side lifted Phadkar for a hefty six to long-on two balls later, but the Indian Test bowler had his revenge. With the next ball he had him caught by Mantri behind the stumps. Gimblett's contribution of 17 included one six and a four in his short stay at the wicket (36-1-17).

The tourists lost another wicket with the addition of only one more run to the total. Emmett, who had been batting with confidence and was joined by his skipper Leslie Ames, was the next one to be sent back. The Commonwealth skipper Leslie Ames, who replaced Gimblett at the crease, took a single off the first ball he received, and Emmett crossing over offered Govadia an easy catch at mid-off the next ball (37-2-19).

The West Indies star batsman Frank Worrell came in at the fall of Emmett's wicket to join his captain and soon settled down to improve matters for his side.

Phadkar effected the first change in the bowling after the play had been in progress for forty minutes, during which time the visitors had lost two wickets. Ramchand, the medium-paced Cricket Club of India bowler was brought on in the place of Mowdawala, and the new bowler's first over was a maiden to Ames.

Phadkar, who had been bowling with the new ball with only one slip was forced to increase the number to three in the case of Worrell. He shifted Ramchand and Gupte to strengthen the slips. Worrell took ten minutes to open his account, which he did by placing Phadkar to the mid-on for a single. Forty of the innings went up with the batsman straight-driving Ramchand to the club screen for a four.

Fifty of the side went up after an hour's play, as a result of a leg-bye boundary off Ramchand. A little later, the West Indies batsman entered double figure with an on-drive for four off Ramchand.

Ames was not far behind, and he also reached his ten, when he hit the same bowler through the extracover for his first four of the innings.

Phadkar, who had been bowling continuously for an hour and a quarter, brought on the right-hand slow bowler Govadia in his place from the Churchgate end, and Ames sent the third ball of the new bowler to the cover boundary, the ball flying past Gupte, who was left standing without any chance of stopping the fast stroke. The score simultaneously reached seventy.

Phadkar effected a double change in the bowling, himself replacing Govadia, after the latter had sent down only one over, and bringing on the slow spinner Gupte in place of Ramchand from the club end.

Worrell slashed the first ball of the slow bowler through the covers for a magnificent four.

An hour and a half's batting by the visitors had produced 87 runs. The batsmen maintaining the rate of run-a-minute despite very steady bowling by Phadkar and Ramchand. Worrell and Ames had in the meantime added fifty runs between themselves.

A little later Mowdawala came on to bowl in place of his captain for his second spell. Worrell, who had been batting aggressively except against Phadkar reached his thirties, and sent up the hundred of his side's score after the innings had lasted 108 minutes. With the lunch break approaching, the batsmen automatically became cautious. Phadkar made another bowling change, entrusting the ball to Mohiuddin, a slow righthand spinner, for the last over before lunch, and when the teams adjourned for lunch the Commonwealth touring team had scored 107 runs for the loss of two wickets. Ames and Worrell were batting with 23 and 43 runs respectively.

Gupte, from the Club end, Mowdawala, from the other end were in charge of the attack after resumption. Gupte was getting a lot of spin from the pitch, and was turning a lot, and an appeal for leg before wicket against Ames was disallowed off the first ball of his second over after lunch.

Worrell, who had with Ames rescued his side from the bad position after the two early reverses, reached his fifty after he had been at the crease for 97 minutes. The West Indian's half century included only three hits to the boundary.

Ramchand came on to bowl in place of Mowdawala from Churchgate end after the latter had sent down only two overs after lunch, and this change brought the home attack another wicket. With the third ball of his first over, the C.C.I. medium-paced bowler had the former England and Kent wicket-keeper back in the pavilion after he had helped Worrell to a 82-run partnership for the third wicket. Mantri, who had earlier caught Gimblett, snapped Ames up very smartly behind the stumps (119-3-26). Ames's contribution of twentysix in a stay of 103 minutes had changed the complexion of the game, and his dour captain's innings proved very valuable to his side. The outgoing batsman had reached the boundary thrice during his stay at the wicket.

The left handed Ikin, the Lancashire allrounder, joined Worrell, and opened his account by late-cutting Gupte for a brace. A little later, he misconnected an off-break of the same bowler, and the "stroke" fetched him three runs, incidentally sending up the batsman's ten runs.

Worrell, who had been for a long time on the quiet and scoring only in singles, reached his sixty with a four, straightdriving Gupte in the direction of the pavilion. A bye-boundary off the same bowler sent up the 150 of the innings, after it had been 155 minutes in progress.

Govadia was brought on to bowl in the place of Ramchand after the latter's three overs had brought the home team the third wicket of the day.

With a single off Gupte, Ikin reached his twenty, and Worrell immediately after sent up his seventy with a pull to the square-leg boundary off the same bowler.

Mowdawala returned to the attack, replacing Govadia, but was in turn replaced by Mohiuddin.

Gupte, who was keeping a good length as well as spinning the ball to a great extent, was rewarded for his pains, when Worrell skied the ball towards mid-on, where Kenny made no mistake. The West Indies batsman had batted flawlessly for nearly two hours and a half for his 81 runs, and was unfortunate not to reach his second century of the tour (185-4-81).

Grieves replaced Worrell, and an all-Lancashire partnership ensued. Two hundred of the innings went up after as many minutes of batting by the side. Ramchand replaced Mohiuddin at the Churchgate end, and Ikin reached his individual forty with a two off Gupte, and a few minutes later the batsman reached his fifty with a two off Gupte. Ikin's fifty included four fours.

With the score at 215, Phadkar asked for the new ball, and started the attack himself from the Churchgate end.

NEW BALL DISASTROUS FOR VISITORS

The new ball proved to be disastrous for the Commonwealth team, for with the third delivery of his very first over, the Indian Test bowler shattered Grieves' wicket (219-5-14).

Ikin, who was then batting with 54 to his credit, was joined by the Australian googly bowler Dooland who played out the remainder of the over. Ramchand was given a turn with the new ball from the Club end.

Phadkar got his fourth victim, when eight runs later he had Ikin caught. Mantri again bringing off a magnificent catch behind the wickets (227-6-55). This was Mantri's third catch since the innings had started.

Ikin in his stay of 93 minutes had hit four boundaries. Laker came out in place of Ikin, and five runs later tea was taken with Dooland and Laker with 6 and 3 runs to their credit.

Mantri's alertness was responsible for another wicket falling. In the first over after tea, Ramchand had Laker caught behind the stumps, without any addition to the score (232-7-3).

Shackleton now joined Dooland, who was batting with tremendous confidence and was completely at home to both Ramchand and Phadkar who had come on to bowl from the Churchgate end. Dooland was lucky to escape, when Mowdawala failed to hold a difficult catch in the slips off Ramchand.

250 of the innings went up after it had been 255 minutes old. Dooland reached his twenty, and soon after Shackleton entered double figures. Phadkar came on to bowl himself to enable Ramchand to change over to the Churchgate end, and took himself off to give the leather to the Elphinstone spin bowler Gupte, who had earlier bowler with considerable effect on the batsmen.

MANTRI'S FIFTH CATCH

Fifteen minutes before the close of play, Mantri added yet one more to his "bag" of four by smartly holding Dooland, the bowler to benefit again being Ramchand (284-8-27). The Australian had been batting for 68 minutes.

Barlow, the visitors' wicketkeeper joined Shackleton, and sent up the 290 of the innings a few minutes later with a latecut for three.

When the stumps were drawn for the day, the tourists had scored 296 runs for the loss of eight of their batsmen, Shackleton batting with 33 and Barlow unbeaten with 6 runs.

SCORE BOARD

COMMONWEALTH (First Innings)

H. Gimblett c Mantri b Phadkar	17
G. Emett c Govadia b Phadkar ..	19
L. Ames c Mantri b Ramchand..	26
F. Worrell c Kenny b Gupte	81
J. T. Ikin c Mantri b Phadkar ..	55
K. Grieves b Phadkar	14
B. Dooland c Mantri b Ramchand	27
J. Laker c Mantri b Ramchand..	3
D. Shackleton batting	33
A. Barlow batting	6
K. Ramadhin to bat	
Extras (8 byes; 5 1-byes; 2 no balls)	15
Total (for 8 wkts.)	296

Fall of wickets: 1/36; 2/37; 3/119; 4/185; 5/219; 6/227; 7/232; 8/284.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
D. G. Phadkar	18	3	55	4
B. N. Mowdawala	12	1	38	0
G. S. Ramchand	27	4	72	3
B. J. Govadia	9	0	21	0
S. P. Gupte	25	2	88	1
M. M. Mohiuddin	2	0	7	0

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Cooperage

3-45 p.m. O.C.S. Recreation Club vs. Bombay City "B" (Second Division)

4-45 p.m. Catholic Gymkhana vs. St. Xavier's Association (First Division).

Parsi Cyclists Ground

3-10 p.m. H. I. Dixon vs Elphinstone College.

4-10 p.m. Goan S.C. 'C' vs. Cook's Sports Club (Third Division).

CRICKET

Brabourne Stadium

10-30 a.m. Commonwealth team vs. Bombay Cricket Association.

BILLIARDS

Byculla Y.M.C.A.

5 p.m. P. G. Date (—400) vs. J. V. Kanji (—80); 7-30 p.m. V. C. Mehta (140 vs. D. K. Nasta (—60).

(Alec Sequeira Cup)

Handicaps For Saturday

4th. DAY OF BOMBAY WINTER MEETING

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following are the handicaps for the Fourth Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting, to be held at the Mahalaxmi racecourse on Saturday, 25th November.

THE HUGHES MEMORIAL PLATE. (7 Furlongs)

First Royalty 9-4, City Gates 9-0, Du-bon-air 8-11, Shan-E-Hindi 8-11, Liberty Belle 8-6, Royal Crusader 8-3, Paper King 8-3, Stanbridge 7-13, Zam Zam 7-12, Eastern Sea 7-11, National Flag 7-0, Manzoor 7-0, Rao Saheb 6-7.

THE VICTORY CUP. (7 Furlongs)

Independence 9-3, Shubh Luxmi-9-1, The Duke 9-0, Dil-Ki-Bat 8-9, Orion 8-8, Manisha 8-8, Gay Pilot 8-6, Khundil 8-5, Nava Ratna 8-5, Who's That 8-5, Full House 8-4, Chand Ghakor 8-4, Ghizala 8-4, Truman 8-4, Rukhsana 8-3, Adeline 8-3, Par Excellence 8-3, Viveca 8-1, Bara Mulla 7-13, Rustum 7-13, Sweetie Shah 7-12, Triumph 7-11, Near Image 7-11, Wahdina 7-9, Saita 7-9.

THE HOSPET PLATE. 1-1/4 Miles

Panditji 9-2, Mack 9-0, Pick Money 9-0, Honey Bunch 9-0, Kotidhwaj 8-12, Flying Miss 8-9, Put All 8-8, Princessa 8-8, Taslaroon 8-8, Bihari 8-5, Mankarpura 8-5, Perseus 8-4, New Era 8-3, Pan Supari 8-3, Passing Bell 8-2, D. Day 8-2, Gold Spa 8-2, Battle Out 8-1, Kabir 8-0, Nasrullah 7-12, Cockpit Pride 7-12, Gipsy Bill 7-11, Anant Lakshmi 7-11, King's Star 7-8.

THE RAJKOT PLATE. (Div. 1) 1 Mile, 1 Furlong

Thunderer 9-3, Greek Star 9-2, Fairy Way 9-2, Dagania 8-13, Chandrakor 8-11, Star of Iran 8-9, Whirlaway 8-8, Nagarpalika 8-7, Fashion Parade 8-5, Chetna 8-5, Cherry Blossom 8-3, Nature Boy 8-2, Poldo 8-2, Lalaji 8-1, Army and Navy 8-1, Desert Hawk 7-10.

THE RAJKOT PLATE (Div. II) 1 Mile 1 Furlong

Botticelli 9-4, Firdaussi 9-4, Loyal Prince 9-1, Morning 9-0, Triple Alliance 8-11, Chhoti Begun 8-11, V. Day 8-9, Odds Again 8-9, Dry Day 8-8, Gay Boy 8-3, Brilliant Sunshine 8-2, Chanchal 8-1, Ajinkya Tara II 7-12, Parker Prince 7-12, King's Pleasure 7-10, Miss Rutty 7-7, Tarrick 7-5, Mimma 7-0.

To be ridden with allowances by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 20 or more winners. (No whips allowed).

THE AHMEDABAD PLATE. (Div. 1) 7 Furlongs

Al Hamil 9-3, Sangram 9-3, Kalyani 9-3, Guest of Honour 9-3, Nagarpalika 9-0, Sunny Island 8-7, All-in-All 8-7, Pet Hand 8-7, Starshell 8-7, Assault (late Diamond Star) 8-7, Cock Sure 8-7, Andaz 8-7, Janab-E-Ali 8-7, Ali Janab 8-7, Pop 8-7, Gay Girl 8-4, Krishnakamal 8-4, Iltaja 8-4.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE AHMEDABAD PLATE. (Div. II) 7 Furlongs

Rajguru 9-3, Pre Catelan 9-0, My Aziza 9-0, Amorette 9-0, Masked Lady 9-0, Happy King 8-7, Brisance 8-7, Bessemer 8-7, Rabalto 8-7, Gallant Man 8-7, Acha Masala 8-7, Shah Alam 8-7, Incitatus 8-7, Imroz 8-7, Santha 8-4, Kausar 8-4, Tarquinne 8-4.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE MARINE LINES PLATE 5 Furlongs

Recent Vintage 8-7, Dutch Maid 8-7, Lady Love 8-7, Oomph 8-7, Cookie 8-7, Radhika 8-7, Taloja 8-7, Haseen 8-7, Maharaj Kumari 8-7, Rose of Harlem 8-7, Dev Kanya 8-7, Murasaki 8-7, H. R. H. 8-7, Bharati 8-7, Full Blue 8-7, Gorgia 8-7, Firelight 8-7, Bright Faith 8-7.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

"A COLOSSUS AMONG BASTMEN"

Keith Miller And Arthur Morris make History

SYDNEY, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).

Cricket writers here have hailed Keith Miller as today's greatest cricket entertainer—the D'Artagnon of the game", and New South Wales captain Arthur Morris as "the greatest left-hand batsman in the world."

The tributes came following Miller's double century in the New South Wales versus MCC game and Morris' faultless knock in the same game.

Of Miller, H. A. De Lacy wrote in the Sporting Globe: "He not only brings to cricket the highest grades of batsmanship but he infuses an air of expectancy that in itself fascinates. He never puts a bowler's best ball beyond the hope of success, yet he crushes an opponent's best ruthlessly with the air of a true cavalier. He remains a giant of a man—a colossus among batsmen".

De Lacy referred to the "very smooth perfection of Morris' batting." Greatest tribute to Morris came from former test batsman Stan Mccable. He wrote: "Arthur Morris is the greatest left-hand batsman I have seen. His footwork is copybook. Without doubt Morris is one of the greatest batsmen Australia has produced. His batting is as near perfection as one might ever hope to have it".

Volleyball Championship For Air Headquarters

BANGALORE, Nov. 21 (PTI).

Air Headquarters won the Volleyball Championship in the Third Indian Air Force Inter-Command Sports here today, defeating both the Operational and Training commands.

G.B. Police Win By 4 Goals

B.P.H.A. LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Greater Bombay Police had little difficulty in scoring full points against the second string of G.I.P. Railway in the first division of the B.P.H.A. League at the Cooperage this evening, beating them by four goals to nil.

The Police forwards paved the way for a reliably good exhibition of combined effort by the forwards Lazarus and Solunkie were shining lights in attack while clever destribution work by Miranda contributed to the spade work. Mendonza in goal had little to do.

The first period was rather even, but the Police scored twice and on both occasions through Solunkie, their right outer. Then Tambe scored off a pass from Lazarus in the second session and Salunkie sent in the final goal just before the end.

The teams: G.B. POLICE "A":—Mendonza; Hamid, Dias; Agre, Miranda, D'Souza; Solunkie, Lazarus, Rodricks, Tambe, Abbas.

G.I.P. RLY. "B":— Gomes; A. D' Souza, Westerling; T. D'Souza, Pavrey, L. D'Souza; Haythey, Dixon, Tambe, A. D'Souza, Dalgardo.

Earlier in the evening Bombay Port Trust "B" beat General Motors by three goals to nil in the Second Division of the League at the same ground. M. D'Mello, A. Collaco and A. Rozario were the goalscorers.

Third Division Hockey League

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Two matches were played in the third division of the B.P.H.A. League at the Parsi Cyclists Ground this evening.

Avery Sports Club beat National Bank by three goals to one. H. Andrade scored the Bank's only goal. R. Creado scored twice and P. Braganza scored once to complete the tally.

Earlier in the evening, Ordnance Sports and Lever "B" shared points, neither side being able to score.

NEHRU TO OPEN DELHI STADIUM

Life Members To Be Enrolled Till March

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (PTI).

The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, will open the National Sports Stadium at Delhi on January 25, 1951, it is learned.

A meeting of the Executive of the National Sports Club of India here today decided to extend the period for enrolling 1,000 life Members for the club upto March 31, 1951. The allocation of membership will be as follows: Delhi 600; Bombay 200, Uttar Pradesh 50, East Punjab 50 and the Rest of India 100.

NORTHERN DISTRICTS DRAW WITH M. C. C.

LISMORE, November 21 (PTI-Reuter): The M.C.C. drew their third match with New South Wales Northern Districts team here today after enforcing the follow on.

The following were the scores:—

M.C.C. (First Innings) 274

NOTHERN DISTRICTS (First Innings)

Doohan run out 34, McGuire c Brown b Warr 0; Fowler c Mcintyre b Berry 19; W. Taylor c Simpson b Bedser 13; J. Cooper c and b Brown 8; V. McGuire c Bedser b Brown 0; Wotton c and Warr 17; E. Searle b Bailey 7 Ellen b Bedser 40; Gerrard not out 5; R. Smith b Bailey 6; Extras 7; Total 156.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— Bailey 17.2-5-31-2; Warr 10-2-31-2; Bedser 14-4-24-2; Berry 6-1-14-1; Brown 15-2-49-2.

NORTHERN DISTRICTS (Second Innings): —Doohan lbw Bedser 6 H. Mcguire st. Mcintyre b Brown 9; Taylor not out 17; Cooper not out 20; Extras 3. Total (for 2 wkts) 55

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— Warr 5-3-8-0; Bedser 4-1-8-1; Berry 5-0-13-0; Brown 3-0-14-1; Simpson 1-0-9-0.

I. A. M. C. AGAIN HELD TO A DRAW

POONA, Nov. 21 (PTI).

The Indian Army Medical Corps, the holders, were again held to a draw, despite extra time, by the Bombay Engineering Centre in the replayed final of the Poona Sub-Area Hockey Tournament on the Sub-Area grounds this evening.

The match will be replayed for the third time on Thursday morning.

Proceeds Of Hockey Match To Go To Red Cross Fund

JULLUNDUR, Nov. 21.

Jullundur District Red Cross Society had decided to present a Goodwill Shield to the manager of the Punjab (Pakistan) team after their exhibition match against Punjab (India) hockey eleven here tomorrow.

The souvenir will be presented by Mr. Srinagesh, Commissioner Jullundur Division.

Proceeds of the match will be devoted to Red Cross work.

Mr. A. Kumar, Chairman, Punjab Hockey Association gave an at home this afternoon in honour of the Pakistan team.

VICTORIA CAME OFF ON TOP

Sheffield Shield Cricket

MELBOURNE, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).

In spite of a fighting innings of 95 notout by fast bowler Ray Lindwall, Victoria took first innings points from New South Wales, Sheffield Shield holders, in the match which ended here today.

New South Wales carried their overnight score of 319 for nine wickets to 346 and finished 28 behind Victoria's total of 374.

Sam Loxton, who is expected to be chosen for the first test, took 3 wickets for 24 runs.

Victoria scored 295 in their second innings, Ken Meuleman making 95.

Jim Burke, 20 year-old offspinner, took 5 wickets for 38 runs.

XAVIER'S TO MEET RUIA IN SEMI-FINAL

Bhavan's Suffer An Innings Defeat

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

RAMNARAIN RUIA COLLEGE had the distinction of registering a smashing victory over Bhavan's College. (Andheri) whom they beat by an innings and 233 runs in the Quarter-final of the Inter-Collegiate Cricket Tournament for the Northcote Shield and the Rahimtulla Cup to-day. Failing to dismiss their opponents twice, St. Xaviar's College had to content with a win over Government Law College, on the first innings in the other Quarter-final.

For Ruia College C. T. Patankar who was batting with 151 runs yesterday added yet another 49 runs to his own total and carried his bat for unbeaten 200 brilliant runs, while B. M. Karnik bowled well by capturing 4 wickets for 3 runs in the first innings and 3 for 18 in the second one, bringing his match figures 7 for 21.

Government Law College continuing their first innings with the overnight total of 3 for 3, lost 4 more wickets for the addition of only 41 runs— 7 for 44. The eighth wicket partnership between N. M. Dastur—the Captain and P. V. Hazare realised 79 runs and they were all out for 139 runs in the first knock.

P. V. Hazare made 64 runs which included 8 fours. M. Daruwala and N. M. Dustur scored 24 and 23 runs respectively for Law College.

B. R. Irani captured 5 wickets for 48 runs for St. Xavier's College.

Made to follow on Law College fared much better than their first knock and deprived their rivals of an innings victory by collecting 193 runs for the loss of their seven wickets in their second venture. M. Aras retired after scoring 55 runs and M. A. Sampat contributed an unbeaten 42 runs. P. V. Hazare who was the top scorer in the first knock once again batted well and made 42 runs which included one sixer and two fours.

St. Xavier's College won the match on the first innings by 182 runs.

St. Xivier's College ... 321.

Govt. Law College (First Innings):- E. B. Desai b. B. R. Irani 0, J. Mehromji L. B. W. b. A. J. Ratnagar 1, K. Malhotra b. B. R. Irani 0, A. A. Banawalikar L. B. W. b. B. R. Irani 6, M. Darowala b. D. M. Engineer 24. M. Sampat b. A. J. Ratnagar 2, M. Aras run out 9 N. M. Dastur (Capt.) L. B. W. b. B. R. Irani 23, P. V. Hazare St. H. K. Udpikar b, S. K. Rattonsey 64, P. khanolkar c Jagdishkumar Sheth b. B. R. Irani 0, B. J. Patel not out 1. Extras 9. TOTAL: 139.

Bowling Analysis:— B. R. Irani 20.2-3-48-5; A. J. Ratnagar 12-5-17—2; D. M. Engineer 7-2-29-1; S. K. Rattonsey 4-0-23-1; A. H. Jagasia 3-0-9-0; M. B Bhutani 2-0-4-0

Govt. Law College (Second Innings):— E. B. Desai b D. M. Engineer 7 J. Mehromji c Jagdishkumar Sheth b A. J. Ratnagar 4 M. Aras retired 55, A. A. Banawalikar b A. H. Jagasia 5, N. M. Dastur (Capt.) c S. K. Rattonsey b B. R. Irani 20, M. A. Sampat not-out 42, P. V. Hazare b D. M. Engineer 32, M. Daruwalla c. A. M. Jagasia b D. M. Engineer 0, K. Malhotra not out 5, rest did not bat. Extras 23 TOTAL 193 for 7 wickets.

Bowling Analysis:— B. R. Irani 13-3-30-1; A. J. Ratnagar 6-5-1-1; M. D. Irani 3-1-16-0; D. M. Engineer 16-4-38-3; A. H. Jagasia 13-1-43-1; S. K. Rattonsey 7-0-37-0; M. B. Bhutani 2-0-2-0; A. S. Kader 1-0-2-0.

RUIA TROUNCES BHAVAN'S

Ruia College after scoring 434 for 9 wickets declared their innings. C. T. Patankar carried his bat for his brilliant unbeaten double century.

A. G. Shah took 4 wickets for 130 runs for Bhavan's College.

Going in to bat Bhavan's were all out for a small total of 78 runs. B. M. Karnik of Ruia did the most of the damage by capturing 4 wickets for 3 runs in 5 overs 2 of which were maidens.

356 runs in arrears Bhavan's College were made to follow on and they faired a little better by collecting 123 runs in their second knock. A. G. Shah was the top scorer who carried his bat for a good knock of unbeaten 44 runs.

Once again B.M. Karnik was deadly with the leather by capturing 3 wickets for 18 runs in 11 overs 3 of which were maidens. His match figures were 16 overs 5 maidens, 21 runs and 7 wickets.

The match ended in a win for Ruia College by an innings and 233 runs

Ruia College:—C. T. Patankar not out 200, C. S. Korgaonkar (Capt) b. B. M. Shetty 9, R. S. Nanjudiah b. K. N. Megha 20, P. K. Kamat C. R. K. Sanghadia b. S. G. Wagh 99, S. R. Marathe L.B.W.. b. K. N. Megha 15, R. B. Bhonsle b. A. G. Shah 57, G. S. Walawalkar b. A. G. Shah 8, B. M. Karnik b. A. G. Shah 0, S. S. Patankar b. S. G. Wagh 0, S. B. Jog c. A. V. Kapadia b. A. G. Shah 3, A. M. Pota did not bat, Extras 23, TOTAL: 434 for nine wickets declared.

Bowling Analysis:—S. G. Wagh 21-2-83-2; B. M. Shetty 21-2-87-1; K. N. Megha 22-0-78-2; B. M. Doshi 7-0-30-0; A. G. Shah 31-4-130-4; A. V. Kapadia 2-0-7-0.

Bhavan's College (First Innings):— S. T. Desai b. R. B. Bhonsle 0, R. K. Sanghania c. S. R. Mhatre b. C. S. Korgaonkar 21, B. M. Shetty b. G. S. Walawalkar 0, A. V. Kapadia c. S. B. Jog b. R. B. Bhonsle 0, K. N. Megha L.B.W. b. C. S. Korgaonkar 18, B. M. Doshi L.B.W. b. B. M. Karnik 15, A. G. Shah run out 8, S. G. Wagh c. G. S. Walawalkar b. B. M. Karnik 6, G. S. Kadikal b. B. M. Karnik 2, G. P. Sishodia b. B. M. Karnik 2, S. D. Iyer not out 1, Extras 5, TOTAL: 78.

Bowling Analysis:—R. B. Bhonsle 12-6-19-2; G. S. Walawalkar 5-1-14-1; C. S. Korgaonkar 11-0-37-2; B. M. Karnik 5-2-3-4.

Bhavan's College (Second Innings): —S. T. Desai St. C. T. Patankar b. G. S. Walawalkar 11, R. K. Sanghadia c. R. B. Bhonsle b. G. S. Walawalkar 6, S. G. Wagh St. C. T. Patankar b. C. S. Korgaonkar 16, A. V. Kapadia c. B. M. Karnik b. R. S. Nangudiah 4, K. N. Megha b. B. M. Karnik 24, B. M. Doshi St. C. T. Patankar b. C. S. Korgaonkar 9, A. G. Shah not out 44, B. M. Shetty b. B. M. Karnik 0, G. S. Kodikal b. B. M. Karnik 0, G. P. Sishodia run out 0, S. D. Iyer b. R. S. Nanjudiah 0, Extras 8, TOTAL: 123.

Bowling Analysis:—G. S. Walawalkar 5-2-12-2; S. S. Patankar 5-3-7-0; C. S. Korgaonkar 14-1-53-2; R. S. Nanjudiah 6-1-11-2; A. M. Pota 3-0-7-0; B. M. Karnik 11-3-18-3; P. K. Kamat 2-0-7-0.

HOLLINSON BEATS A. S. FEZI

Interesting Match In Byculla Billiards

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A very enjoyable two-hour match was witnessed at the Byculla Y.M.C.A. this evening, when B. Hollinson (—160) beat A. S. Fezi (—275) by 250 points to 134 in the Handicap Billiards Tournament for the Alec Sequeira Cup.

Young Hollinson played with a graceful style and an extremely steady cue, exhibiting a charming manner of "plotting" the positions, which helped nim in pulling himself out of many an awkward situation. When he made a break of 50, there was a general feeling that he shouldn't have missed that last shot, and that he could have carried on. His other major breaks were of 23, 36, 20 and 25. His victory was popular and well deserved.

Fezi, perhaps a trifle overburdened with a handicap of minus 275, played stout-heartedly and with commendable precision. He would get out of an "ugly" position with great ease, but with an equally great ease miss an easy pot or a bookish losing hazard. He nevertheless seemed confident and competent throughout the game. His principle breaks were of 21, 52, 21, 24, 24 and 20.

AN INCIDENT

The other match of the evening, between M. D. Mistry (scratch) and S. Karamalli (plus 10), was more of a beginner's affair. Karamalli won, the final scores being 250-129 in his favour. He made two good breaks, one of 23 and the other of 25.

With the score at 165-86 in favour of Karamalli, Mistry stopped the game and protested to the Secretary that his opponent was wrongly handicapped with his plus 10 points. But the protest was overruled, in view of an earlier decision made this evening only that the first round matches should be proceeded with, despite protests, and that any revision, if necessary, would be considered from the second round onwards. The match was resumed and resulted in Karamalli, the lower handicapped player, winning easily.

115-Mile Cycle Race This Sunday

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Empire Wheelers are organising a 115-Mile Massed Start Cycle Race on Sunday the 26th November at 6-30 A.M. The starting point will be at Sion and the course would be up to Khapoli on the Bombay Poona Road and back. Entries should be sent to the Jt. Hon. Secretary, C/o Desai Cycle Co., 609 Dhobitalao, on or before Friday the 24th November.

21 entries have already been received for this first long distance Road Race of the season including those of B. K. Irani, K. A. Chindhy, V. J. Jadhav, Sk. Bashir Sk. Ismail, P. S. Powar, K. J. Irani, Sk. Yussouf from Poona Cyclists. Amongst the local entrants are Pilloo Sarkari, R. Motabhai, A. Menezes, M. Mody, G. Wilson R. Anklesaria, R. Engineer and A. Desai.

JAPANESE MAY RETURN AMATEUR BOXING

LONDON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).

Affiliation of the Japanese Amateur Boxing Federation to Amateur International Boxing Association is favoured in referendum submitted to all national governing bodies. But pending receipt of articles and rules of the Japanese Federation, full affiliation cannot yet be granted.

An another result of the referendum, the German Amateur Boxing Association of Frankfurt been granted full affiliation.

FURTHER RISE IN TATA STEELS

Active Demand For Cotton Mill Shares

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled very steady during the early part of the day on persistent demand for Cotton Mill shares. There was moderate buying in Steel shares but the upturn induced scattered profit-taking.

As pointed out before the market sentiment remains bullish and new buyers are coming in. Old bulls are not inclined to part with their holding on the belief that Steel production for the month of November will maintain the upward trend. The market shows signs of confidence and so far we have had no important reaction. This shows that short sellers got no chance to cover up sales and are now caught.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1860 and improved at Rs. 1867/8 on moderate buying but reacted at Rs. 1862/8 on scattered profit-taking. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 359 and after declining at Rs. 358 rallied at Rs. 359. Indian Iron shares opened at Rs. 32/13 and after improving at Rs. 32/14 declined at Rs. 32/12. Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 22/15 and after hardening at Rs. 23 declined at Rs. 22/13.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 975 and advanced at Rs. 985, Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 333 and firmed up at Rs. 337, Svadeshi Mill shares also advanced at Rs. 305 after opening at Rs. 300, Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 496 and Scindia shares were done at Rs. 14/9.

Later on there was renewed buying and Tata Steed Defds. improved at Rs. 1870 and steadied at Rs. 1867-8. Bombay Dyeings gained further strength at Rs. 990 and Kohinoors were done at Rs. 338. Tone of the market was steady.

Towards the close there was some realising and Tata Steel Defd. shares reacted at Rs. 1863-12. It appears that professional operators are supporting the market and there are ardent bulls who anticipate a dividend of Rs. 100 next year on Defd. shares and look for a level of Rs. 2,000. On paper the argument stands good but the technical position of the market needs adjustments as too much company of weak holders often result in sudden turns. Closing tone of the market was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (7-8)	982 0
Kohinoor Mills (6)	337 0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	304 0
Central India Mills (6)	255 8
Simplex Mills (6-8)	288 8
New Great Eastern (3-2)	166 0
Indore (4)	113 12
Gokak (12)	246 0
Century Spinning (15)	272 8
India Bleaching (8)	174 0
Swan (20)	355 0
Finlay Mills (15)	281 0
Asp	
Morarji (4-8)	165 0
Edward (15)	283 12
Meyer (6)	81 4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3 3
India United Ord. (0-12-6)	12-14-6
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	2 0
Madhusudan (16)	160 0
Podar (9)	140 0
Khatau (5)	188 12
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (16)	358 4
Tata Steel Defd. (79-5)	1863 12
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	138 4
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	171 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	496 4
Belapur (8-6-0)	271 0
Shivrajpur (18)	49 8
Scindia Steam	14-8-6
Premier Construction (4)	117 0
Tata Chemical	13-15-6
Tata Oil (1)	43 4
Indian Iron (1)	33 0
Bengal Steel (6-10)	22 12
British India Corp. (0-9)	9 1
India Copper	3 1
Wimco (11)	243 2
Alcock (28-2)	335 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	166 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1505 0
Tata Power (25)	1692 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (15)	59 4
Phoenix (6)	120 0
Indian Mig. (40)	3350 0
Kurla (7-8)	107 8
Colaba (6)	87 0
New City (11)	187 8
Minerva (12)	136 4
Bradbury	453 12
Bharucha	4 12
Bharat (2)	27 12
Mysore Defd. (4) XD	162 8
Madhavji (0-12-0)	12 8
Model Mills (12-8)	148 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	606 4
Vishnu Cotton (6)	206 4
Standard (15)	240 0
Sholapur (200)	3060 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	26 5
Hindustan Mills (40) XD	3410 0
Tata Mills (4)	51 12
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	220 0
Sassoon Silk (2-10)	35 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	23 4
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Raja Bahadur (4)	60 0
Berar	260 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	115 10
Ahmedabad New XD	112 0
Surat Electric (5)	136 4
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 4
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 10
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (5-2)	125 0
Bombay Suburban (3)	138 12
Jalgaon	10 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40)	1983 12
Imperial Bank P (10)	488 12
Central Bank (10)	81 4
Central Bank New (1-8)	81 0
Bank of India (4)	178 0
Union (0-5)	7 0
Baroda (2-8)	128 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	32 8
United Commercial (1-8)	45 4
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	27 0
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (-14-9)	82 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4275 0
Empire (10)	615 0
New India (12)	67 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (1-10)	12 6
Ind. Mercantile	41 0
B.I.C.	16 5
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 4
All India General	8 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	112 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steam (10)	247 8
Bombay Burma New (5)	158 12
Burma Petrol	1 9 9
Kemp and Co. (30)	342 8
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	52 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	93 4
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	83 0
Dharamsey Chemical (4)	65 0
Mukund Iron	5 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	12 0
Alembic (15)	125 0
Supreme Industries	90 0
Bombay Uganda	65 8
Indian Cement (1937)	21 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	165 0
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujerat Motor	26 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	37 0
National Rayon	67 0
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost Co.	76 0
Digvijay Cement	70 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) XD	145 0
Bengal Steel	116 4
Andhra Valley (7)	1267 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1375 0
Hydro-Electric (7) XD	133 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	233 12
Central India (5)	632 8
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	672 8
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	215 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	109 0
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	133 12
Pre Construction First	102 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	100 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Hapib	72 0
Tata Chemical	135 0
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	95 0
Mackenize (first)	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	98 8
Morarji	94 8

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

MILLS

Apollo 3-2-6 3-3 3-2-6 3-3.
Bharat 27-12.
B. Dyeing 975 85 82-8 92-8 85.
C. India 255 53-8 59 55 55-8.
Century 272-8.
Colaba 87.
B. Textiles 268-12 83-12.
Finlay 277 82 81.
Gokak 246 45-8 48 46.
I.U. Defd. 1-15-6 2.
I.U. Ord. 13 12-14 12-15 12-14-6.
Indore 112-8 15 13-12.
Khatau 188-12.
Kohinoor 333-8 32-4 38 36-8 39 37.
Laxmi 605 2-8 6-4.
Meyer 81-4.
Model 148-12.
New City 187-8.
New Great 168 66.
New Union 23-2 23-4.
Podar 138-12 41-4.
Simplex 286 88 86-8 88-8.
Svadeshi 299-8 305-8 3-4 4.
Swan 352-8 55.
Tata Mills 52 51-12.
Vishnu 206-4.
B. Steam 245 46-4.
Scindia 14-10 14-11 14-8-6.

BANKS

Central 82 81-4.
Central New 81.
Imperial 1985 83-12.
Imperial New 490 88-12.
India 178.
Union 7.
U Commercial 45 45-8.

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 115-10.
Ahmedabad New 112.
Andhra 1510 7/8 12/8 5
Suburban 138/12
Surat 138/12
Hydro 165 66/8 66
„ Pref. 133/12
Power 1695 96/4 92/8

INSURANCES—

B.I.G. 16/5
Jupiter 13
New India 67
Oriental 4275
Vulcan 12/6

STEELS—

B. Steel 22/13 23 22/13/6 23/2 22/13
I. Iron 32/13/6 33/3 33
Tata Defd. 1861/4 70 65 72/8 63/12
„ Ord. 359 58/4 59/12 58/8 60/4 58/8
„ 2nd Pref. 138 38/4

MISCELLANEOUS—

Alcock 333/12 36/4 35
A.C.C. 172/12 71/12 72 71/12
Belapur 271 72/8 71
B.B. Old 497/8 500 496/14 500 496/4
„ New 158/12 60 58/12
„ Petrol 1/9/9
B.I.C. 9/1/3 9/2
Dharamsey 65
I. Bleaching 175 74
I. Copper 3/1 3/1/6 3/0/9 3/1
P. Const. 117/4 17/12 16/12 17/4 17
Shivrajpur 49/8
Tata Chem. 13/14 14/0/6 13/15/6
„ Pref. 132/8
„ Oil 43 43/8 43/4
Walchandnagar 166/4 67/8
Wimco 242/12 43/2.

SPECIAL—

Surat Elec. Pref. 136/4

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

The local bullion market was steady today with moderate buying. The market is manipulated by bulls otherwise the demand in the spot market remains far behind the average daily arrivals.

At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 181 and advanced at Rs. 181/5 on professional buying. At this level there appeared some long liquidation and the market after declining at Rs. 180/14 steadied at Rs. 181 Ready Mint Silver was placed at Rs. 182 while spot Bullion was quoted at Rs. 181/3.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 108/15 and after advancing at Rs. 109/2 declined at Rs. 108/14. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 109/6 and sovereigns were priced at Rs. 75.

Final closing quotations were as under.

Ready silver	180	7	0
Ready forward	180	8	0
Ready gold	109	0	0
Ready forward	108	7	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

The local produce market was steady today with moderate business passing. There was no forward business in oil owing to some difficulty about October Settlements. Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh Quality	42	10	0
December	42	9	0
Madras Ready	42	6	0
January	42	4	0
Bold December	41	13	0
Bold January	41	12	0
OIL			
Ready Mills	23	8	0
Upcountry Receipts	22	6	0
LINSEED			
Ready	41	10	0
November	41	12	0
Feb. March	39	10	0
March April	39	2	0
Satna Spot	39	8	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Ready Small	38	12	0
Madras	39	4	0
November	38	8	0
December	38	4	0
Feb.-March	36	4	0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

Tata Ordinary	358	8	0
Tata Deferred	1863	12	0
Indian Iron	33	0	0
Steel Corpn. of Bengal	22	13	0
Bombay Dyeing	985	0	0
Central India	255	8	0
Gokak	246	0	0
Simplex	288	8	0
Swadeshi	304	0	0
Tata Power	1692	8	0
Associated Cement	171	12	0
Belapur	271	8	0
Bombay Burma (Old)	496	4	0
Scindia	14	8	6
Central Bank	81	4	0
New India	67	0	0
Tata 2nd Pref.	138	4	0

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

120 Ready Japan	7	6	0
150 Ready Japan	7	6	0
120 Ready Italy	6	12	0
150 Ready Italy	6	12	0
2/40 Staple Nov		1535	
150 D. January		1265	
150 D. February		1260	

Sales Of Treasury Bills

During the week ended the 17th November, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 12,30,25,000 were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

National Rayon	83	0	
DEBENTURES			
Andhra 1952	101	4	
Rubber Planting			
Bombay Steamer	98	14	
Indian Hume Pipe	101	0	
Tata Power 1951	101	0	
Walchandnagar (6)	106	0	
OUTSIDE SHARES			
Burma Corporation	2	15	
New Victoria Mills	2	0	
New Victoria Pref.	4	0	
Phalton (8)	127	8	
Gold Mohor (20)	315	0	
New Kaisari Hind	300	0	
Sajjan Mills	100	0	
Osmanshahi	115	0	
Ajam Shahi	110	0	
Air Services	4	0	
Air India Tata	63	8	
Hind Motor	6	0	6
Walchand Motor	53	0	
India Steam	7	6	
Tata Locomotive	98	0	
Killick Industries	132	8	

COLOMBO STOCK EXCHANGE

COLOMBO, Nov. 20.

The market was very active at the beginning but quietened later. Transactions were as under:—

TEA SHARES: Agra Ouvahs 17 Allertons 3 Arratennes 15 Bopitiyas 15 Ceylon Provincials 21-1/2 Dickapitiyas 2-1/2 Fairlawns 17-1/2 Galleboodes 13-1/2 Girindi Ellas 11-1/2 High Forests 33 Maha Uvas 34 34-1/2 Marigolds 16 Mayens 20-1/2 Oonoogaloyas 19-3/4 Poonagallas 20 Roeberrys 40 Strathspeys 26 Tonacombes 22 22-1/2 23-3/4 23 Torringtons 14 C D Uplands 20-1/2 Upper Maskeliyas 32.

TEA CUM RUBBERS: Deniyayays 15 Golindas 10 9-3/4 Hunuwellas 27-3/4 Kalugangas 21-1/2 20-1/2 Kandyan Hills 21 21-1/2 Kuttapitiyas 14 13-3/4 13-1/2 13 L L Ps 14 Meall Mors 29 Neuchatels 25-1/2 25 24-1/2 North Westerns 21-1/2 21-1/2 21 Opalgallas 12-1/2 Opalgallas Pt. Pds. 8-1/4 Pelmadulla Valleys 18 18-1/4 18 Rakwannas 12-1/2 Rayigams 25 Affragams 31 30/50 30 Sittawakas 14-1/2 Talangawellas 18 Vogans 25 Warriapollas 13 12-1/2.

RUBBERS: Apthorpes 20 20-1/2 C D Deverlacs 4 4-1/2 Biddescars 7-3/4 Blackwaters 12 11 Bukit Darahs 7-1/2 Ceylon Planters 150, Syndicate 6-3/4, Ceylon Rubbers 26-1/2 C D 27 C J Clunes 21 20-1/2 Dehiowitas 2 3/8 Dorsets 17 16 Forcesters 23-1/2 23 23-1/2 22 21-1/2 Gonagammas 12-1/2 Good Hopes 10 Hatbawes 9-1/4 9-1/2 9-1/2 8-1/2, Horawalas 18 17, Indo Malays 9 Jebongs 6-1/4 Kalutara Cos. 28 Kalutara Rubbers 14-3/4 14-1/2 Kiriellas 9-1/2 9-1/4 9 8-1/2 8-1/4 Kudagangas 23-1/4 23-1/2 23 Labugamas 6-1/2 Langat Rivers 17 Lanka Rubbers 25 Lansdownes 17 16 Lassahenas 13 13-1/2 Mahagamas 15 Mentennes 6 Mongeragallas 10 10-1/4 10 Mirishenas 30 30-1/2 Narangodas 25 24 Niriwattes 2-1/2 2 5/8 THS 2-1/2 Panakurau 15 Pangallaas 5-3/4 5-1/2 Pimburas 28 Ribus 10 Rubber Plantations of Kalutara 45 Rublis 6-3/4 6-1/2 Selisings 9 9-1/2 8-3/4 Sittagamas 8-1/2 9 8-1/2 Trafford Hills 10 Tuan Mees 8-1/2 7-3/4 Udabages 25 24-3/4 Udapollas 13-1/2 13 12-1/2 Usk Valleys 16-1/2 17 16 Walagamas 11.

COMMERCIALS: Bank of Ceylons 130 B C Cs 14 Browns 19 Cocoanut Industries 17 Cold Stores 16 Ceylon Theatres 9-1/4 91-1/2 Colombo A pothecaries 8-3/4 Colonial Motors 10 Galle Face Hotels 110 Hunders 11 Millers 8-1/2 Swadeshis 6 Cocoanuts Arcadias 14 Henavasals 8 Erak Kongsis 8-1/2 9.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

2-1/2% 1954	98	13	0
2-1/2% 1955	99	9	0
2-1/2% 1961	96	12	0
2-3/4% 1960	98	14	0
2-3/4% 1962	98	12	0
3% 1970	95	8	0
3% 1955 Con.	94	14	0
3% 1951/54	101	2	0
3% 1953/55	101	8	0
3% 1957	100	15	0
3% 1959/61	100	1	0
3% 1963/65	99	1	0
3% 1964	99	1	0
3% 1966/68	98	13	0
3% 1970/7/	98	3	0
3-1/2% 1954/59	103	15	0
4% 1960/70	109	0	0
4-1/2 p. c. 1955/60	109	5	0
4% 1958/68	112	4	0
PROVINCIAL/3 LOANS			
3% Bombay 1962	99	2	0
3% Bombay 1960	99	4	0
2-3/4% U.P. 1961	96	12	0
2-3/4% Madras 1961	96	12	0
3% Bombay 1955	100	8	0
3% Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3% Punjab 1952	101	8	0
3% Madras 1952/53	100	6	0
3% U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% N.W.F. 1952	100	0	0
3% U.P. 1961/66	99	2	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4% 1977	98	12	0
4% B.P.I.	109	4	0
4% B. Municipality	109	0	0
5% B. Municipality	113	0	0
5% B. Municipality 1954	112	0	0

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, November 21.

Following are todays quotations in the Madras stock exchange:—

Government of India loans three per cent 1963/65 99/1 three per cent paper 95/3, three per cent 1966/68 98/12, Government of Travancore three per cent 1952/54 101/12.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 17/14.

PLANTINGS: Chendramalai 2/6/6 Ouchterlony 7/1/6 Pullangode 2/0/6 Thirumbadi 3/3/½ T R and T Co. 7/10 Vaikundam 11/7, Waterfall 3/5/½.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 43 Bangalore Woollen 250, Buckingham 141, Buckingham pref. 187 Cambodia 13 Coimbatore Pioneer cd. 125 Dhanalakshmi 262/8 Coimbatore Spg. 57 Janardhana 86, Lakshmi 83/4 Madura 36/8 Mettur 377 Mysore Silk Filature 4 Mysore Spun 8/4 Pankajpa 91, Radhakrishna C R 223, Rajalakshmi 94/8 Ranga Vilas 55, Trav. Rayons 4/10 Trichinopoly 14/4 Vasantha 128/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 71 F A C T 6/13 India Cement 16 Indian Steel Rolling 7/5 Mettur Chem. 5/13 Mysore Chem. and Ferts 9/8 Mysore Paper 12/2 Spencer 21/10.

INDORE SHARE BAZAR

INDORE, Nov. 20.

Indore Stock Exchange ruled steady. Following were final quotations:—

Indore Malwa 109 Hukamchand 379 Bhandarimall 565, Vinod Mill 335, Kalyanmal 71 Kalyanmal Pref. 83 Rajkumarmall 63 Indore Bank 65.

At Indore bullion exchange forward gold present settlement opening at Rs. 110-2 declined to 108-12 but later on upcountry and Bombay support rose to Rs. 100-8 and closed at Rs. 109-8. Forward gold next settlement opened 108-13 and closed eight annas higher.

At Indore Badasarafa Association forward silver opened at Rs. 180-13 highest touched at Rs. 181-8, lowest at Rs. 180-13 and closed at Rs. 181-8.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20: Sales approximated 175,000 ounces in the open market at the unchanged price of 80-1/4 cents per ounce.

American Markets

N. Y. COTTON PRICES REACH RECORD LEVEL

Wall Street Market Barely Steady

NEW YORK, November 20.

The cotton market made history at the outset today when 1950 December delivery was traded at 44 cents per pound—the highest price ever recorded on the exchange. The previous high was 43.75 cents for July contracts established in 1920.

Millbuying was again a dominant factor in pushing current crop months to new seasonal highs and nearby December to an all-time record peak this morning. Demand reflected the heavy textile sales in Worthstreet last week and prospects of a tight supply situation next spring. Commissionhouses and shorts were also good buyers. The market was occasionally a good buyer.

The market occasionally backed away slightly on profittaking and moderate hedges but offerings on the whole were readily absorbed. Prices eased sharply from the day's highs early in the afternoon under profittaking and hedgeselling with the decline described as a natural technical correction following the recent advances.

Some selling in fardistants was based on the belief that the current high prices will provide an incentive for farmers to make an all out effort in producing a large crop next year. Pressure however eventually subsided and the market rebounded on renewed aggressive millbuying and shortcovering finally closing strong. Sales were estimated at 525,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

	New York	New Orleans
December	43.98	43.81
March	43.43	43.26
May	42.94	42.81
July	42.15	42.05
Middling spot	44.80	43.65

March Highest New York cotton 43.50 at 10.40 lowest 43.17 at 13.22 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.

The continued post-election rally took prices to the best level in twenty years despite some profittaking. The movement was fed by actual or anticipated pleasing dividend news and belief that the retiring Congress will not pass any tax legislation.

Gains upto one dollar were registered in good activity. American Cyanide rose one dollar to 746 in anticipation of good results in the forthcoming meeting. At noon the averages were industrials, were 232.14 and rails 70.56. Realising halted the upturn during the afternoon and even resulted in small losses in some cases.

But this selling was not before a handful of selected issues had responded to additional good dividend news. Prices into the final hour was fluctuating quietly at or around the best. Insistent profittaking unsettled the market in late dealings reducing or more than erasing most of the earlier gains. The market closed with prices mostly fractions to one dollar either-way, and the averages a shade lower. The market closed barely steady.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Tel and Tel.	151
Amerex Holding Co.	45-1/4
Anaconda copper	38
Chase National Bank	37-1/2
Firestone tyre	73-3/4
General electric	49-1/2
General motors	47-1/4
Ingersold Rand	71-1/2
International Nickel	35
National City Bank	45-1/2
NY Central railroad	17-7/8
Sinclair Oil	31-5/8
Socony Vacuum	24-3/4
Texas Co.	78-1/2
Union Carbide	51-1/8
US Smelting	60-1/2
US Steel Common	40-3/4
Western Union	40-1/8

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 2,250,000 shares.

Highest and lowest US Steel trading prices were 41-1/4 and 40-5/8 respectively

Rise In Chicago Grain Prices

CHICAGO, Nov 20.

Prices advanced under the leadership of soybeans on large-scale commission house buying and shortcovering touched off by the strength of the cotton and cash vegetable oil markets. The market also continued to be bolstered by the heavy ECA allocations late last week and news that the government agency will purchase 672,000 sacks of flour this week for shipment to Yugoslavia. Prices later reacted from one to five cents from the highest levels under profittaking. Exporters reported additional sales of United States maize to Norway over the weekend.

CHICAGO WHEAT

December 2.28, March 2.33-1/8, May 2.33-1/4, July 2.26-3/4.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 20.

KARNAK	
November	123.80+130
January	124.90+190
March	126.80+255
May	127.50+285
July	128.90+285
ASHMOUNI	
December	120.35+210
February	123.45+305
April	124.25+305
June	124.45+295

Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, Nov 20.

The pepper market was quietly steady with black lampong and white muntok unchanged at 565 and 940 dollars per picul respectively.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, Nov. 20.

2½% British consols	£ 73- 1/8
3½% Conversion loan 1961	£ 98- 5/8
4% Funding loan 1960-90	£ 107-13/16
3½% War loan on or after Dec. 1, 1952	£ 96- 5/16
Chartered Bank of India Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	£ 10
	£ 85
National Bank of India	£ 33- 3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 10,168.

Paris Bourse Steady

PARIS, Nov. 20: Interest on the bourse was largely confined to one or two individual shares or sections. Firmness of Royal Dutch despite the company's denial of any bonus share issue was one of the most striking features. Traders reported considerable United States buying of Royal Dutch, Amsterdam. Other oils were also better. Indo-Chinese were in speculative demand. Rentes were under selling pressure.

Brussels Stocks Quiet

BRUSSELS, Nov. 20: The bourse experienced a thin session today. Prices however were held firm bolstered by professional support. Royal Dutch was a firm feature. Geomines were weak in forward dealings, while colonials on the cash market showed irregularity.

Amsterdam Exchange Firm

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 20: Firmness of Royal Dutch was a feature with continued arbitrage activity and Swiss buying. Elsewhere markets were very quiet. Plantations were well maintained. Investments barely steady.

New York Pepper Firm

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.

Black pepper was firm mainly reflecting continuance of dealer buying interest which had entered the market on Friday. A stiffening in Indian offerings for shipment also aided the upturn. While showing inclination to buy, dealers are cautious and bid are two to three cents under sellers price ideas. Grinder enquiry was small. Spot at 1.42 bid, and 1.45 asked, December shipment offered at 1.32 and January/March shipment 1.26 bid 1.28 asked, all dollars per pound ex-dock. Following are today's closing prices: Spot 1.42 bid. Old and New Contracts: Nov. 1.45, Dec. 1.44, Jan. 1.40, Feb. 1.33, all nominals. White spot 2.20 asked.

London Copra Dull

LONDON, Nov. 20: The copra market was neglected. Strait/Dutch East Indies was indicated at £102-1/2 bid and £103-1/2 asked, Philippines bulk at 260 dollars asked, Ceylon was nominally indicated at £106-1/2, all per ton Nov./Dec., Dec./Jan. shipments.

The cocoanut oil market was quiet with Straits in drums at £153, in bulk at £147, Ceylon in drums at £153-1/2, in bulk at £149, all sellers per ton c.i.f. December shipment.

London Pepper Steady

LONDON, Nov 20.

The London pepper market was steady but quiet. Black lampong November shipment offered at 10sh. 10d. delivered weight all per pound weight c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar afloat offered at 1,400 shillings to 1,425 November 1,380, December 1,090, January 1,060 per pound weight c.i.f. U.K.

Ahmedabad Stock Exchange

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 21: Ahmedabad Stock Exchange closing quotations: Calico 309, Ambika 345, Arvind 846, Defd. 1,866, New Shorok 596, Atul 84, Bihari 203 Anil Starch 350, New Textile 600 New National 417-8 Ramkrishna 222-8, Rajanagar 220, Rohit 111-4, Sayaji 132-8.

Calico opened 303, high 310, low 308 closed 309. Ambika opened 341, high 346, low 344, closed 345. Arvind opened 822, high 847 low 844 closed 846 Defd. opened 1,863, high 1,873, low 1,864 closed 1,866. New Shorok opened 591 high 597, low 589, closed 596.

After the news that Government would allow export of fine cloth tone of shares of mill producing fine was strong.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Hesitancy Follows Government Decision

LONDON, Nov. 21. (PTI-Reuter): Hesitancy and uncertainty in the London Stock Exchange today followed the Government announcement of its intention to resume coal imports. This addition to the existing fears of fuel difficulties in the coming winter months checked the recent interest in leading industrials and brought occasional dullness to Government's stocks. Shippings were dull on the prospect of reduction of coal supplies to bunkers.

Nevertheless the industrial section was not without firmness. Textiles improved on provincial buying and good individual features included Dunlops ahead of a new issue of details and Tate and Lyles.

Among overseas issues, Japanese bonds failed to hold early gains and there were small declines in Germans. Port of Beira shares moved up on the reported award in connection with the take-over by Portuguese Government, but at 20 and six were finally under the best.

Minings were steady to occasionally easier but rubbers improved on the prospect of an early decision concerning the modification of Malayan rubber export duty.

KARACHI MARKET

KARACHI, Nov. 20.

Cotton market opened 4 to 5 rupees weak owing to strong rumours of Government to increase further export duty. Besides pressure of arrivals from Sind Punjab also increasing and quality generally poor. Saturday's spot sales 8,000 exports 5,874 bales for Continental ports Japan and Hong Kong. Cotton seeds demand poor. Gold steadier. Current quotations cotton rollerginned N T 117-8 Punjab 289 F 119 Four F 116 Desi 107/108 Cotton seeds 5-6 gold 94.

CITIZENSHIP IN CEYLON

Amendments Introduced

COLOMBO, Nov. 21. (PTI): Certain amendments to the Indian and Pakistani Residents' Citizenship Act of 1949 was introduced in the Ceylon Parliament by Prime Minister Senanayake today.

The amending bill makes it sufficient for applicants to Ceylon citizenship "to show he has himself permanently settled in Ceylon", instead of proving that one of their ancestors had settled in Ceylon.

The amendment also makes provision for the Commissioner for registration to review applications which had been rejected before the introduction of the amendments.

The second reading of the amendments will be taken up tomorrow

SHIP ABANDONED AS TOTAL WRECK

CUTTACK, Nov. 21, (UPI): The 4,250-ton cargo ship "Skeldeergate" which ran aground on Friday, eight miles north-east of Konarak on Orissa coast was today abandoned as a total wreck, according to information received here this afternoon.

The Captain and 33 crew of the ship are safe. The two vessels which came from Calcutta for rescue work have returned, it is learnt.

It is stated that attempts are now in progress to retrieve the cargo of over 5,000 tons of Australian wheat on board the wrecked ship.

Regional Cotton Body For M.P. Suggested

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Cotton Advisory Board, meeting here today, is understood to have recommended the setting up of a regional committee for Madhya Pradesh "which will act as one of the principle cotton marketing centres for the area concerned".

The Committee will also act as a supervisory body in the matter of allocation of cotton to textile mills in the region.

The question of setting up similar committees for other regions including Madhya Bharat Saurashtra, Hyderabad and Bombay will be taken up by the Board tomorrow.

Mild Tremor In Dibrugarh

DIBRUGARH, (Assam), Nov. 21, (PTI): A mild tremor lasting about 20 seconds was felt here this afternoon. No damage was reported.

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas Judges, and notables Annual Life reading monthly details Rs. 5 and 3 questions. Rs. 2 Horoscope or writing time required. Pandit Kanjur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR Th \PONIDHI. Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

JODHPUR COMMERCIAL BANK, LIMITED

(Incorporated in JODHPUR STATE: Liability of members is limited)

Head Office: JALORI GATE, JODHPUR.

Chairman: NARAYANLAL BANSILAL

ISSUED CAPITAL	.. ..	Rs. 1,00,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	.. ..	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	..	Rs. 6,50,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT—Interest on

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. R 1065.

Communist China Must Get A Seat In U. N.

MRS. PANDIT REAFFIRMS INDIA'S STAND

NEW YORK, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).

MRS. VIJAYALAKSHMI PANDIT, Indian Ambassador to the United States today reaffirmed India's view that Communist China should be given a seat in the United Nations.

She said she thought if this had been done earlier some of the present troubles in Korea might have been avoided.

In a special radio interview with United Nations correspondents, Mrs. Pandit declared that India's attitude towards Communist China did not at all mean any support for Communism. But India is convinced that representatives of 450 million people should not be out of the United Nations."

She said that the Indian Government several months ago had urged the Western Governments to reassure the Peking Government that the Manchurian border would be respected even after crossing the 38th Parallel. This had not been done and assurances given now could not have the same weight with the Chinese Communists.

Mrs. Pandit answered a variety of questions mostly dealing with Asian problem.

NO ALIGNMENT

Asked if recent events in Asia would cause India to learn more towards the West, she replied; "there is absolutely no question that India would lean towards anything but democracy. But we do not see any reason for any alignment at present in the ideological conflict between East and West.

"We will continue to work for democracy in our own land and on our own pattern."

In her dealings with the United States Government officials in Washington, the Indian Ambassador said that she had found "a great desire to learn about Asian problems.

Understanding had, however, been so 'hazy' in the past that it was not easy even now to explain the background of many Asian problems.

Mrs. Pandit expressed the Indian Government's disquiet about Communist military invasion of Tibet which, he said, might make it more difficult for the Peiping Government to qualify as a "peace loving" nation in the meaning of the Charter.

RUSSIAN PEOPLE

Mrs. Pandit, who spent two years as Indian Ambassador in Moscow, thought that the Russian people as distinct from the officials seemed to have more of an Asian than a European outlook. In her Embassy she found that Indian and Russian servants had no difficulty in understanding and liking one another. She declared: "I believe that the Russians understand the East far better than we imagine."

S. AFRICA ISSUE

Dealing with the decision taken in the special Political Committee today on the quarrel between India and South Africa regarding the segregation of Indians in the Union, Mrs. Pandit said she had noticed a definite "racial streak" in the way the 60 delegates had voted.

She said the situation was "inflamable" and it might be ignited at any moment. She declared that she was personally very hurt to find that some of the delegations, which only two weeks ago had expressed "noble sentiments" on the subject of union for peace, had yesterday abstained on one of the bulwarks of peace, namely a fundamental question of human rights.

PONTECORVO SACKED

Missing Atom Scientist

LONDON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).—Prof. Bruno Pontecorvo, Britain's missing atom scientist, has been dismissed from his post at the Harwell (Berkshire) Atomic Research Plant, a Ministry of Supply spokesman said today.

Professor Pontecorvo, a British-naturalised Italian, did not return to his 30 sterling a week job at Harwell from a holiday on the continent.

Minister of Supply George Strauss told the House of Commons recently that he had no doubt that the professor was in Russia.

He had been expected to take up the post of professor of physics at Liverpool University in January.

The University Council is to consider his case at a meeting next month, an official said today. The Council was taking no action meanwhile.

ATOM SPYING FOR RUSSIA

Mr. Dean's View

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Russia's work on the atom bomb was advanced by between one and two years as a result of espionage by Dr. Klaus Fuchs, said Mr. Gordon Dean, Chairman of the United States Atomic Energy Commission, yesterday.

Dr. Fuchs was the naturalised British scientist gaoled this spring for passing on secrets to Russia.

Mr. Dean made his statement in copyright interview published by the United States News and World Report, an independent weekly news magazine.

He also declared that Russia had access to deposits of uranium in Czechoslovakia and Saxony besides some others which he preferred not to discuss.

Mr. Dean did not elaborate his reference to other sources of uranium. But he said deposits in Czechoslovakia and Saxony were being exhausted at a very rapid rate.

BROADEN PEACE CAMPAIGN

British Scientist's Plea At Warsaw

WARSAW, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Professor John D. Bernal, British research scientist urged the World Peace Congress here yesterday to broaden its anti-war campaign to embrace 'all peace-lovers however conservative their views.' This campaign, he said must include all Pacifists, believers in world government, liberals, Socialists and all genuine patriots.

The conciliatory tone has already been put by such high Communist dignitaries as Prof. Joliot-Curie and Signor Pietro Nenni. It is a tone that has threatened to split the delegates into two camps following the attack on Russia here on Sunday by Mr. John Regge, former U.S. Attorney-General.

LIGHTNING STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA

MELBOURNE, Nov. 21, (PTI-Reuter): Two Australian ports—Sydney and Melbourne—were paralysed today by lightning strikes by more than 12,000 dockers.

About 130 ships are affected.

Dockers in Sydney came out yesterday in an overtime dispute and Melbourne port was thrown idle today when 5,500 dockers walked off their jobs. They are protesting against the suspension of 17 men who claimed that one hatch they were working on was unsafe.

'Major Disaster' Of Flood Feared In Reno

NEW YORK, Nov. 21, (PTI-Reuter): A "major disaster" was feared today when flood waters from the raging Truckee river hit Reno (Nevada) with devastating force.

Thousands were rendered homeless and millions of dollars of damage was coused as muddy water swirled down the main section of the city in a stream three blocks wide.

A man dropped dead as he tried to save goods in the flooded basement of a department store. Damage estimated at many thousands of dollars was caused to Christmas stocks, store owners feared.

Six feet of water swept through the luxury riverside hotel.

MIGRATION NEWS: On November 20, 4,901 Hindus and 2,258 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 6,850 Hindus and 2,459 Muslims left. By air, 78 Hindus and 45 Muslims arrived and 38 Hindus and 47 Muslims left.

CLASSES WORK

MOULMEIN AIRPORT GUTTED: BIG LOSS

RANGOON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Planes were unable to penetrate the smokescreen to land at Moulmein airport yesterday when fire gutted over a thousand shops in the commercial centre of the sea port. Losses were tentatively put at 10 million rupees. The cause of the fire is not yet known.

Restoration Of Capital Punishment Bill

WELLINGTON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): The New Zealand House of Representatives by a vote of 38 to 31 today gave a second reading to a bill restoring capital punishment.

The former Labour Government had abolished it in 1941.

DETENTION DISFAVOURED: The Berar Chamber of Commerce has urged the Union and State Governments that mass arrests of businessmen under the Preventive Detention Act and parading them in public without bail should not be resorted to. The Chamber has, at the same time promised the Governments to give all co-operation in eradicating the trade evils and bringing offenders to book.

Free Vacation Handicrafts Class

FAREWELL FUNCTION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The farewell function for rounding off the Free Vacation Handicrafts Classes run during the last winter vacation under the auspices of the Model Industrial Institute, Bombay, came off at the Elphinstone Technical High School Compound yesterday evening. Shreemati Indumati Chimanlal Sheth, Parliamentary Secretary to Chief Minister of Bombay, presided and distributed the prizes.

About 200 children of the age group 6 to 12 advantage of these free classes.

Congratulating Principal R.G. Rajadhyaksha on the excellent services he and his co-workers were rendering in the sphere of arts and crafts, she referred to the prejudice against handwork prevailing among parents, in spite of the keen interest children evinced in this kind of activity. She stressed the importance of handwork in training children in social adjustment—a vital aspect of education in the new set-up subsequent to our independence.

China's Reply To India Has People's Support

PEKING RADIO'S CLAIM

LONDON, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Chinese Government's reply to India's note on Tibet has the full support of the Chinese people, Peking radio, quoting a New China news agency report, said yesterday.

The radio said that the Chinese people "who are already on their feet, are determined to do what is decided and defend China's frontier".

China's North-east Trade Union Council, New Democratic Youth League; Students' Union, Democratic Women's Federation, Sino-Soviet Friendship Association and Arts and Literary Circles Associations gave their support.

They were reported as saying that "all efforts will be directed to the unification of China, and that no foreign intervention is to be tolerated in what is purely China's domestic affairs in the liberation of Tibet".

The same view was expressed by organisations in Shanghai, Shantung, Honan and Chahar. The radio said they also charged "the imperialists with obstructing and instigating the Tibetan delegation from proceeding to Peking for a peaceful settlement of the question of Tibet".

UNEXPECTED

The Chinese press had given prominence to the notes exchanged between the Central People's Government and the Government of India on the entrance of Chinese troops into Tibet, the agency reported today, quoting a Peking radio message broadcast on November 19.

The Shanghai Wenweipad said the Chinese had always valued Indian friendship because both peoples had long suffered under imperialist aggression. "The friendly co-operation of the eight hundred million people of the two countries", the paper said, "is decisive in the fight against aggression".

It added "we never thought Indian Government would have submitted such a note and memorandum without regard for facts. This can only be an unexpected thing to the Chinese people, who express surprise and regret for this action of the Indian Government".

NO INTERFERENCE

Other Shanghai papers said the "liberation" of Tibet, which they called an inseparable part of China, was their own domestic affair. No foreign country should, therefore, interfere.

Chungking Takung Pao stated the march of the People's Army into Tibet to drive out imperialist influence to strengthen China's south-western defences and to safeguard world peace was a sacred task of the Chinese people. "All countries upholding justice must express sympathy with this purely internal problem", the paper said.

The Takung Pao expressed the nope that the Indian Government would reconsider the matter so as not to fall into the trap of imperialists who were sowing dissension among Asian peoples.

Genuine friendship between China and India would grow if the principles of mutual respect for sovereign rights and mutual benefits were strictly observed by the two countries, the paper concluded.

EXPEDITION: Prof. R. N. Rahul, a well-known scholar on Tibetan affairs and a mountaineer, said Tuesday at Calcutta that efforts were being made by a batch of Indian mountaineers to climb the Kenchen Jhao and Pauhanri peaks, about 20,000 feet above sea level in the spring next year.

BRITAIN WILL NOT GO TO AID TIBET

Suggestion In Commons Called "Rash"

LONDON, November 21. (PTI-Reuter).

MR. ERNEST DAVIES, British Foreign Under-Secretary, said last night he thought it would be "very rash" of the British Parliament to discuss the military possibilities of going to the aid of Tibet against Chinese Communists.

Independent member Raymond Blackburn had urged Britain, India and Pakistan to send a brigade to Tibet by air at once.

Mr. Davies said the British Government still hoped to establish full diplomatic relations with Communist China. It thought that if this was done it would be able to settle outstanding differences "and the problems which confront us at the present time".

He described the action by the Chinese in Tibet as "inexcusable and unforgivable".

Mr. Blackburn, who had raised the matter on a procedural motion for adjournment—after normal parliamentary business—said there was more justification for Britain's going to the aid of Tibet than of South Korea.

NEAR INDIA

"Let the Communists take over Tibet and they are on the borders of India," he declared.

The great high plateau of Tibet was an ideal area for airports of all kinds and one from which a radio war could be conducted.

"In moral, strategic and political grounds we cannot afford to let Tibet fall," he said.

Mr. Edward Wakefield, Conservative, a former Indian civil servant who has lived in Tibet, said Tibetans were the most peace-loving nation in the world. If Britain could associate India in any physical protest against this violation of Tibetan independence, she would be very wise.

Mr. Davies said that when India gained her independence she assumed all liabilities towards Tibet that Britain previously held.

Britain told Tibet she would maintain a friendly interest in Tibetan autonomy, but she did not appoint any representative because there was no necessity to have one at the present time.

"That does not affect in any way our attitude towards the country", Mr. Davies said.

Britain had recognised Chinese suzerainty over Tibet for a very considerable time, but only on the understanding that Tibet was regarded as autohomous. "This suzerainty had been quite nominal for a considerable time", he said.

EGYPT'S RELATIONS WITH BRITAIN

Serious Says Minister

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter): The Egyptian Foreign Minister, Salah El Din Bey said that his government was ready to negotiate a new treaty with Britain as equals. At a press conference before his departure for London he said that the Egyptian Government was contemplating referring the case once more to a body of the United Nations, the Assembly, the Security Council or the International Court of Justice.

In answer to a question he said that relation with Britain is now very serious.

Students' Demonstration In Cairo

CAIRO, Nov. 21 (PTI-Reuter).—Students at Farouk University and schools in Alexandria went on strike today and marched through the main streets shouting slogans such as "Egypt—a free country. Farouk—King of the Nile Valley."

The demonstrations were the first sign of Egyptian dissatisfaction with the British Foreign Secretary's rejection of Egypt's call for military evacuation in the House of Commons yesterday.

Steel-helmeted police followed the student procession. There were no incidents.

The Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay under the Chairmanship of Dr. K. B. Antrolikar, M.L.A., to go into the question of rehabilitation of the former criminal tribes of the state and suggest ways and means for their rehabilitation has now submitted its report to the Government.

Gold Smugglers Arrested In U.S.

SAID TO BE LINKED WITH WORLD RING

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 (PTI-Reuter): Federal authorities today linked the arrest of two men who were about to leave by air for India with 150 pounds (weight) of gold, with a multi-million dollar international gold smuggling ring.

The men were Charles Henry Manning, a Sydney (Australia), merchant and Manfred Fliegel, a New York export agent.

Their arrest, on Friday night, was disclosed today when they appeared in a Brooklyn (New York) Court.

Mr. Frank Parker, lawyer, representing the American Government told the Court he was confident that their arrest would plug a leak that drained 37,000,000 dollars worth of gold out of the country.

MODUS OPERANDI

Customs officials uncovered ingenous methods the two men used to hide the gold, Mr. Parker said.

Fliegel had at least 13 pounds of the gold "carefully tucked away in false heels and hollow spaces between inner and outer soles of his shoes", he said. He also carried a quantity of gold in a wide money belt round his waist.

"In the arest of these two men", he told the magistrate, "I believe we have found the train of an international gold-smuggling ring responsible for millions of dollars worth of gold reaching foreign countries from the United States."

Manning and Fliegel were charged with violating the Gold Reserve Act in conspiring to transport and export gold without a licence. They were remanded until November 25 on bail of 25,000 dollars each.

Food Imports

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.—During the week ended November 16, 1950, India received 28,700 tons of foodgrains from abroad.

The total arrivals since January 1, 1950 are:

	Tons
Wheat	11,13,300
Flour	95,050
Rice	2,74,400
Milo	2,41,600
Millets	11,800
Semolina	4,900
Barley	4,300

The total quantity of all foodgrains procured is 40,95,150 tons.

If Only They Could Agree

LAHORE, Nov. 21 (PTI).

Mr. Ghazanfarali Khan, Pakistan's Ambassador to Iran, said here yesterday that if India and Pakistan settled all their disputes and came closer to each other, their combined strength would be of immense importance in international affairs.

Speaking at a reception, he referred to the Nehru-Liaquat Pact and said the pact was the result of "sagacity and statesmanship" of the two "great Prime Ministers of Asia."

GUJERAT AGITATES AGAINST CONTROLS

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 21.

Agitation against controls and rationing is gaining force in the towns and villages of Gujerat and Saurashtra.

A procession was taken out here recently as a protest against continuance of controls. The processionists marched to the office of the Rationing officer. The rationing officer expressed his inability to do anything in the matter.

At a public meeting held at Kapadwanj a resolution was passed requesting the Government to do away with the controls as they, according to the resolution, not only increased hardships to people but also lowered their morale and encouraged corruption and bribery.

Obscene Periodicals Seized

POONA, Nov. 21 (H.S.): The local police raided yesterday the offices of 'Ramya-Katha Publications' and seized all the copies of the Diwali number of 'Ramya-Katha' and 'Mash'—two Marathi periodical under the Obscence Literature Act. Provocative sexual literature and obscene nude pictures on the cover-page had largely enhanced the sale of these magazines. Several citizens of Poona, it is stated, had in a joint application, demanded immediate proscription of the 'Diwali' issues of these periodicals, immediately after their publication. The police seized nearly 1200 copies.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I met an indignant young fellow from Broach who had much to say about locusts. Suffering obviously from emotion — an overdose of it — he began by warning me very seriously that Mr. K. M. Munshi would not "last too long in the Food Ministry". The man made it clear that the reason for his prediction was not the debate in Parliament but Mr. Munshi's irreverent reference to locusts. (I can see someone else in this office who, for my safety, shall be nameless, also on the way to the guillotine for his sins). But the Broachman was very specific.

I asked him if it was a sin to take life and whether that was the cause of his feeling for locusts. "That", he said, "I do not believe, being a citizen of Bombay". Then, indicating that I should not interrupt, he went on in a hushed voice.

"The little locusts," he said, "are sent by God to punish us for our sins. If we do anything against them, we shall be acting against God."

This seemed to me a very unfair and cleft-sticky position for poor mortals. They must suffer from the depradations of locusts or for attempting to protect their food from the locusts. But my visitor would have none of it. He had a little incident from Broach to show that things were not all gloomy.

A cultivator whose fields were invaded by locusts, burnt something there to drive the pests away. The next day they came in larger swarms and he was helpless to do anything. Why? This is not known to me; probably the matches gave out.

His neighbour, faced by the same trouble, adopted the approach of a God-fearing man. "He took four of them and put kunkum on their foreheads", said my informant solemnly; "and immediately, they went away without even sitting on his field."

I was rather interested in this story. I never knew that kunkum was an insecticide of rare potency. And I probed the subject.

My visitor looked pityingly at my ignorance. He said, "They were not killed; perhaps, who knows the mind of a locust, they were disgusted and went to warn the others off. But, so I think they were appeased and pleased."

I asked naturally how far this kunkum technique would work but he could give no certain answer. Vaguely, he hesistated to try it on snakes but he thought it was good for rats and frogs. I asked him if it worked on bugs. He said, "yes, it must." When I pointed out the difficulty of getting at the forehead of the bug, he compromised by recommending a general sprinkling of kunkum.

What gets me puzzled is that he is sure it will not work on the Communists because, he says very firmly, they are sent by God. His politics is rather confused since he proves his point by citing the example of the Nepal Government which sent cows against the Nepal Congress but without effect.

"I think Mr. Munshi had better put kunkum on the locusts whilst there is still time; he has certainly had a rough deal ever since he maligned them," said the young fellow from Broach, improving the shining hour. "And if you have done anything like that, you too might atone for it."

Somehow I quite like this chap. He might have his head screwed the wrong way but he has it screwed all right.

As he rose to go, a bee came buzzing along. My visitor did not stop to consider whether it was sent by God or whether it came from the other place. He picked up a newspaper and struck out with a skill born of long practice. I asked him how he explained it all.

He said, "As I was talking to you, I was intelligent enough to see the flaw in my argument. If these insects are sent by God to plague us for our sins, are we not also sent to them for the same purpose? Only vanity makes one feel that one is the centre of the universe. Why should I think I am better than locust and bee?"

NEW LABOUR TAX ON U.P. VILLAGERS

Agitation Against Move

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 21.

Panchayat Raj Act is shortly going to be amended by the U.P. Government to enable Panchayats to levy labour tax on villagers. This amendment will make every male villager to put in 24 units of work per year. The work will be digging wells and repairing roads. Those who are unwilling to pay the tax will have to pay cash tax of rupee one per unit i.e. Rs. 24 as labour tax per year to the Government Thus the Government feels that without incurring labour costs can develop panchayat system into a healthy unit.

But already there is growing agitation against this forced labour. Many Congressmen are unwilling to support such a measure. Their contention is that already the rural population is groaning under several taxes and further taxes will certainly be telling on the poor people.

Mayor Of Madras

MADRAS, Nov. 21 (PTI): Mr. R. Ramanathan Chettiar, Sheriff of Madras, was elected Mayor of Madras today for the ensuing year in succession to Dr. P. V. Cheriyan.

MUTT AND JEFF—For The Love Of Mike, Don't Always Blame The Operator — By BUD FISHER

GOSH, THIS IS SIR SIDNEY'S BIRTHDAY AND WE FORGOT TO SEND A BIRTHDAY CARD!
CALL HIM ON THE PHONE AN' WISH HIM A HAPPY BIRTHDAY!
OPERATOR, YOU GAVE ME THE WRONG NUMBER! I WANT BUSHWA 1600
OPERATOR BUSHWA 1600?
HELLO BUSHWA 1600?
OPERATOR- ARE YOU CALLING BUSHWA 1600?
YEH!
OPERATOR:- WILL YOU MAKE THAT CALL AGAIN, PLEASE?
GIVE ME BUSHWA 1600!
OPERATOR BUSHWA 1600!
OPERATOR:- SORRY, SIR, THAT NUMBER HAS BEEN CHANGED TO BEBOP 2610!
WELL, GIMME BEBOP 2610!
OPERATOR BEBOP 2610- THANK YOU!
ARE YOU RINGIN' BEBOP 2610?
OPERATOR YES SIR! I'LL TRY THEM AGAIN, SIR!
SAY, WOT THE--☆!!
OPERATOR: JUST A SECOND, SIR! HERE'S THE CHIEF OPERATOR!!!
HELLO-GIVE ME USHKUSH
1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9
BINGO!
NUMBER PLEASE!
YES SIR!
THANK YOU! RING 'EM AGAIN, SIR?
HE GOT VIOLENT! WE HAD TO PUT HIM IN THE PADDED CELL!
BISLER

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN